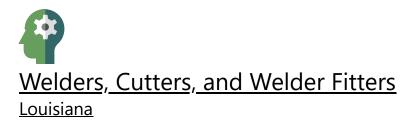


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Summary of Job Duties

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters <u>Video</u> - Use hand-welding or flame-cutting equipment to weld or join metal components or to fill holes, indentations, or seams of fabricated metal products.

Source: This information is based on O*NET[™] data. O*NET is a trademark registered to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

Detailed Job Description

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers use hand-held or remotely controlled equipment to join or cut metal parts.

Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers use hand-held or remotely controlled equipment to join or cut metal parts. They also fill holes, indentations, or seams in metal products.

Duties

Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers typically do the following:

• Study blueprints, sketches, or specifications

- Calculate the dimensions of parts to be welded
- Inspect structures or materials to be welded
- Ignite torches or start power supplies
- Monitor the welding process to avoid overheating
- Maintain equipment and machinery

Welding is the most common way of permanently joining metal parts. In this process, heat is applied to metal pieces, melting and fusing them to form a permanent bond. Because of its strength, welding is used in shipbuilding, automobile manufacturing and repair, aerospace applications, and thousands of other manufacturing activities. Welding also is used to join steel beams in the construction of buildings, bridges, and other structures and to join pipes in pipelines, power plants, and refineries.

Welders work in a wide variety of industries, from car racing to manufacturing. The work that welders do and the equipment they use vary with the industry. Arc welding, the most common type of welding today, uses electrical currents to create heat and bond metals together—but there are more than 100 different processes that a welder can use. The type of weld is usually determined by the types of metals being joined and the conditions under which the welding is to take place.

Cutters use heat to cut and trim metal objects to specific dimensions. Their work is closely related to that of welders. However, instead of joining metals, cutters use the heat from an electric arc, a stream of ionized gas called plasma, or burning gases to cut and trim metal objects to specific dimensions. Cutters also dismantle large objects, such as ships, railroad cars, automobiles, buildings, and aircraft. Some operate and monitor cutting machines similar to those used by welding machine operators.

Solderers and brazers also use heat to join two or more metal objects together. Soldering and brazing are similar, except that the temperature used to melt the filler metal is lower in soldering. Soldering uses metals with a melting point below 840 degrees Fahrenheit. Brazing uses metals with a higher melting point.

Soldering and brazing workers use molten metal to join two pieces of metal. However, the metal added during the soldering or brazing process has a melting point lower than that of the piece, so only the added metal is melted, not the piece. Therefore, these processes normally do not create distortions or weaknesses in the piece, as can occur with welding.

Soldering commonly is used to make electrical and electronic circuit boards, such as computer chips. Soldering workers tend to work with small pieces that must be positioned precisely.

Brazing often is used to connect cast iron and thinner metals that the higher temperatures of welding would warp. Brazing also can be used to apply coatings to parts in order to reduce wear and protect against corrosion.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Job Zone

The section below shows the job zone information for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters. Job Zone Three: Medium Preparation Needed.

| Education | Experience | Training |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Most occupations in this zone require training in vocational schools, related on-the-job experience, or an associate's degree. | Previous work-related skill, knowledge, or experience is required for these occupations. For example, an electrician must have completed three or four years of apprenticeship or several years of vocational training, and often must have passed a licensing exam, in order to perform the job. | Employees in these occupations usually need one or two years of training involving both on-the-job experience and informal training with experienced workers. A recognized apprenticeship program may be associated with these occupations. |

Source: This information is based on O*NET[™] data. O*NET is a trademark registered to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

Jobs Available

This section shows the number of job openings advertised online in Louisiana for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters and for the related occupational group of Production Occupations on November 22, 2020 (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).

| Occupation | Job Openings |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters | <u>77</u> |
| Production Occupations | <u>1,006</u> |

Source: Online advertised jobs data

Monthly Job Count

This section shows the number of job openings advertised online for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana October, 2020 (Jobs De-duplication Level 2).

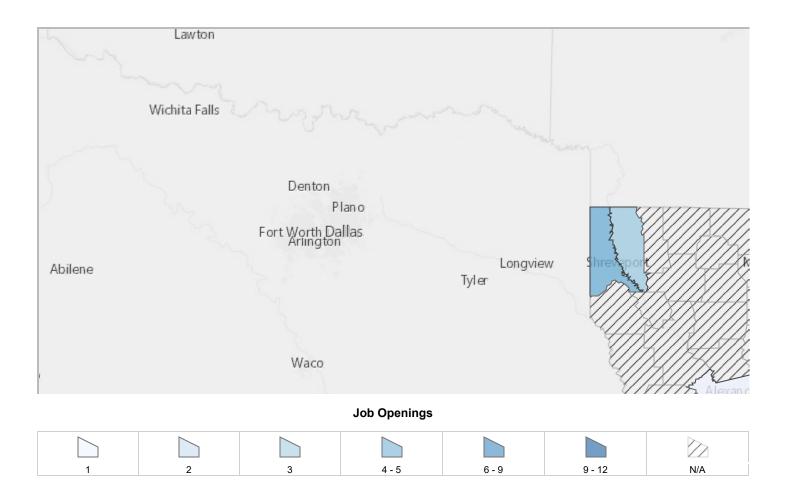
| Occupation | Job Openings |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters <i>p</i> | 126 |

GREEN OCCUPATIONS

Source: Online advertised jobs data

Jobs Area Distribution

This section shows the distribution of number of job openings advertised online for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana by parishes on November 22, 2020 (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).



Job Source: Online advertised jobs data

Wage Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics Program The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage. Data is from a 2019 survey.

Jobs in Related Occupations

This section shows the number of job openings advertised online in Louisiana for occupations related to Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters on November 22, 2020 (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).

| Rank | Occupation | Median Wage | Job Openings | *Related By |
|------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| 1 | Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters <i>#</i> | \$50,895 | <u>77</u> | N/A |
| 2 | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators | \$37,033 | <u>57</u> | O*NET |
| 3 | HelpersProduction Workers | \$31,693 | <u>50</u> | O*NET |
| 4 | Painters, Construction and Maintenance | \$42,182 | <u>26</u> | O*NET |
| 5 | Agricultural Equipment Operators | \$27,021 | <u>24</u> | O*NET |

| Rank | Occupation | Median Wage | Job Openings | *Related By |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| 6 | Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters | \$45,331 | <u>16</u> | O*NET |
| 7 | HelpersCarpenters 🔶 🖉 | \$33,810 | <u>14</u> | O*NET |
| 8 | <u>Roofers</u> 🌣 🕖 | \$37,593 | <u>9</u> | O*NET |
| 9 | <u>Metal Workers and Plastic Workers, All</u> <u>Other</u> | N/A | <u>7</u> | SOC4 |
| 10 | <u>Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Machine</u> <u>Setters, Operators, and Tenders</u> | \$49,704 | <u>6</u> | O*NET |
| 11 | <u>Molding, Coremaking, and Casting</u> <u>Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders,</u> <u>Metal and Plastic</u> | \$25,514 | <u>4</u> | O*NET |
| 12 | Layout Workers, Metal and Plastic | \$58,729 | <u>4</u> | O*NET |
| 13 | Foundry Mold and Coremakers | N/A | <u>3</u> | O*NET |
| 14 | <u>Heat Treating Equipment Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | \$44,296 | <u>2</u> | SOC4 |
| 15 | <u>Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Wood</u> | \$36,720 | <u>2</u> | O*NET |
| 16 | Dredge Operators | \$35,406 | <u>2</u> | O*NET |
| 17 | Coil Winders, Tapers, and Finishers | \$29,280 | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 18 | Engine and Other Machine Assemblers | \$46,161 | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 19 | <u>Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | \$42,806 | 1 | O*NET |
| 20 | <u>Milling and Planing Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | N/A | 1 | O*NET |
| 21 | <u>Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | \$33,935 | 1 | O*NET |
| 22 | <u>Plating and Coating Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | N/A | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 23 | Shoe Machine Operators and Tenders | N/A | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 24 | <u>Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Except Sawing | \$29,955 | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 25 | Cutters and Trimmers, Hand | N/A | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 26 | Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians > | \$28,262 | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 27 | Painters, Transportation Equipment | N/A | <u>1</u> | O*NET |

| Rank | Occupation | Median Wage | Job Openings | *Related By |
|------|-------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| 28 | Painting, Coating, and Decorating Workers | \$29,854 | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| 29 | Stone Cutters and Carvers, Manufacturing | \$27,396 | <u>1</u> | O*NET |
| | | | | |

STRIGHT OUTLOOK NATIONALLY STREEN OCCUPATIONS

Job Source: Online advertised jobs data

Wage Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics Program The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage. Data is from a 2019 survey. *Related By: O*NET[™] - The <u>Occupational Information Network</u>. O*NET is a registered trademark of the <u>US Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration</u>. SOC4 - Occupational grouping based on 1st 4 digits of the <u>Standard Occupational Classification</u> system.

Candidates Available

This section shows potential candidates in the workforce system in Louisiana for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters and for the related occupational group of Production Occupations on November 22, 2020.

| Occupation | Candidates |
|--------------------------------------|------------|
| Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters | 2,989 |
| Production Occupations | 20,543 |

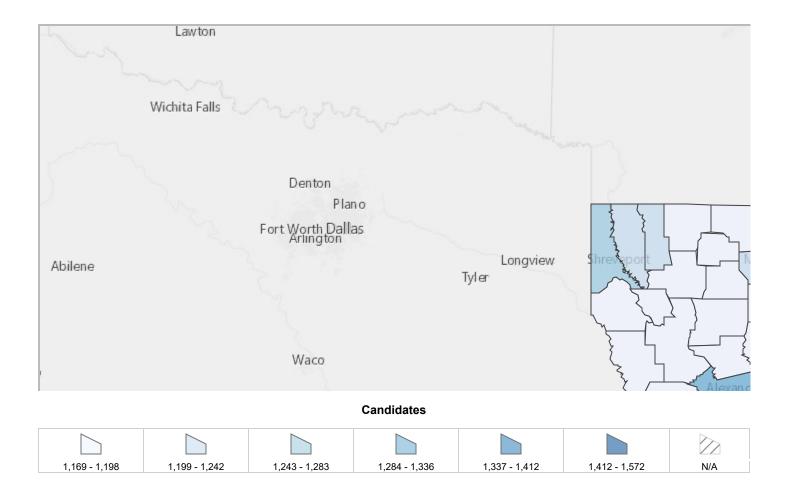
Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system.

Candidate Area Distribution

This section shows the distribution of potential candidates in the workforce system for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana by parishes on November 22, 2020.

| Rank | Area Name | Median Wage | Candidates |
|------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| 1 | Jefferson Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,572 |
| 2 | Orleans Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,541 |
| 3 | East Baton Rouge Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,517 |

| Rank | Area Name | Median Wage | Candidates |
|------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| 4 | Lafayette Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,412 |
| 5 | <u>Iberia Parish</u> | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,401 |
| 6 | Ascension Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,391 |
| 7 | Livingston Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,373 |
| 8 | Iberville Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,367 |
| 9 | <u>St. Charles Parish</u> | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,366 |
| 10 | <u>St. Martin Parish</u> | \$50,895 state level wages | 1,363 |



Candidate Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system. Wage Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics Program The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage. Data is from a 2019 survey.

Candidates in Related Occupations

This section shows how many potential candidates in the workforce system were looking for work in Louisiana in occupations related to Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters on November 22, 2020.

| Rank | Occupation | Median Wage | Candidates | *Related By |
|------|--------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| 1 | HelpersProduction Workers | \$31,693 | 3,590 | O*NET |
| 2 | Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters 🕫 | \$50,895 | 2,989 | N/A |
| 3 | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators | \$37,033 | 1,038 | O*NET |
| 4 | Painters, Construction and Maintenance | \$42,182 | 960 | O*NET |
| 5 | HelpersCarpenters | \$33,810 | 591 | O*NET |
| 6 | Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters / | \$45,331 | 264 | O*NET |

| Rank | Occupation | Median Wage | Candidates | *Related By |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| 7 | Agricultural Equipment Operators | \$27,021 | 253 | O*NET |
| 8 | <u>Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Machine</u> <u>Setters, Operators, and Tenders</u> | \$49,704 | 176 | O*NET |
| 9 | Painting, Coating, and Decorating Workers | \$29,854 | 128 | O*NET |
| 10 | <u>Roofers</u> 🌣 🖉 | \$37,593 | 99 | O*NET |
| 11 | Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | \$40,118 | 94 | O*NET |
| 12 | Painters, Transportation Equipment | N/A | 89 | O*NET |
| 13 | Printing Press Operators | \$30,411 | 74 | O*NET |
| 14 | Floor Layers, Except Carpet, Wood, and Hard Tiles | \$43,944 | 65 | O*NET |
| 15 | Layout Workers, Metal and Plastic | \$58,729 | 45 | O*NET |
| 16 | Engine and Other Machine Assemblers | \$46,161 | 41 | O*NET |
| 17 | <u>Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Except Sawing | \$29,955 | 39 | O*NET |
| 18 | <u>Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | \$33,935 | 38 | O*NET |
| 19 | <u>Metal Workers and Plastic Workers, All</u> <u>Other</u> | N/A | 34 | SOC4 |
| 20 | Cutters and Trimmers, Hand | N/A | 29 | O*NET |
| 21 | <u>Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Wood</u> | \$36,720 | 26 | O*NET |
| 22 | <u>Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | \$42,806 | 25 | O*NET |
| 23 | <u>Refractory Materials Repairers, Except</u> <u>Brickmasons</u> | N/A | 22 | O*NET |
| 24 | <u>Milling and Planing Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | N/A | 22 | O*NET |
| 25 | <u>Heat Treating Equipment Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | \$44,296 | 21 | SOC4 |
| 26 | <u>Molding, Coremaking, and Casting</u> <u>Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders,</u> <u>Metal and Plastic</u> | \$25,514 | 19 | O*NET |

| Rank | Occupation | Median Wage | Candidates | *Related By |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------|----------------|
| 27 | <u>Plating and Coating Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | N/A | 19 | O*NET |
| 28 | Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians > | \$28,262 | 19 | O*NET |
| 29 | Dredge Operators | \$35,406 | 18 | O*NET |
| 30 | Rail Car Repairers | \$49,923 | 17 | O*NET |
| 31 | Floor Sanders and Finishers | N/A | 14 | O*NET |
| 32 | <u>Fallers</u> | N/A | 12 | O*NET |
| 33 | Tool Grinders, Filers, and Sharpeners | \$33,312 | 10 | SOC4 |
| 34 | Bicycle Repairers | N/A | 9 | O*NET |
| 35 | Mine Shuttle Car Operators | N/A | 9 | O*NET |
| 36 | Model Makers, Metal and Plastic | N/A | 8 | O*NET |
| 37 | Print Binding and Finishing Workers | \$32,129 | 8 | O*NET |
| 38 | <u>Tapers</u> | N/A | 7 | O*NET |
| 39 | Coil Winders, Tapers, and Finishers | \$29,280 | 6 | O*NET |
| 40 | <u>Forging Machine Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | N/A | 6 | O*NET |
| 41 | Mechanical Door Repairers | \$41,529 | 5 | O*NET |
| 42 | Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers | \$50,895 | 4 | SOC4 |
| 43 | Solderers and Brazers | \$50,895 | 4 | O*NET |
| 44 | Stone Cutters and Carvers, Manufacturing | \$27,396 | 4 | O*NET |
| 45 | Molding and Casting Workers | \$27,396 | 4 | O*NET |
| 46 | Foundry Mold and Coremakers | N/A | 3 | O*NET |
| 47 | Tool and Die Makers | \$43,334 | 2 | SOC4 |
| 48 | Timing Device Assemblers and Adjusters | N/A | 1 | O*NET |
| | | | | |

STATIONALLY STATIONALLY STATIONALLY

Candidate Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system. Wage Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics Program The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage. Data is from a 2019 survey. *Related By: O*NET[™] - The <u>Occupational Information Network</u>. O*NET is a registered trademark of the <u>US Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration</u>. SOC4 - Occupational grouping based on 1st 4 digits of the <u>Standard Occupational Classification</u>

Jobs and Candidates Available

This section shows the number of job openings advertised online, as well as potential candidates in the workforce system in Louisiana for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters and for the related occupational group of Production Occupations on November 22, 2020 (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).

| Occupation | Job Openings | Candidates | Candidates per Job |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----------------------|
| Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters | <u>77</u> | 2,989 | 38.82 |
| Production Occupations | <u>1,006</u> | 20,543 | 20.42 |

Job Source: Online advertised jobs data

Candidate Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system.

Jobs and Candidates Area Distribution

This section shows the distribution of number of job openings advertised online, as well as potential candidates in the workforce system for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana by parishes on November 22, 2020 (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).

| Rank | Area Name | Median Wage | Job Openings | Candidates | Candidates per Job |
|------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | <u>St. Charles Parish</u> | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>1</u> | 1,366 | 1,366.00 |
| 2 | <u>St. Mary Parish</u> | \$50,895 state level wages | 1 | 1,328 | 1,328.00 |
| 3 | Rapides Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | 1 | 1,325 | 1,325.00 |
| 4 | <u>St. Bernard Parish</u> | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>1</u> | 1,309 | 1,309.00 |
| 5 | <u>St. Tammany Parish</u> | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>1</u> | 1,298 | 1,298.00 |
| 6 | Richland Parish | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>1</u> | 1,197 | 1,197.00 |

| Rank | Area Name | | Median Wage | Job Openings | Candidates | Candidates per Job |
|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 7 | <u>St. Landry Parish</u> | | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>2</u> | 1,275 | 637.50 |
| 8 | <u>St. Helena Parish</u> | | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>2</u> | 1,272 | 636.00 |
| 9 | Cameron Parish | | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>2</u> | 1,254 | 627.00 |
| 10 | Ascension Parish | | \$50,895 state level wages | <u>3</u> | 1,391 | 463.67 |
| | Lawton | | | | | |
| Abilene | Wichita Falls Denton Plan o Fort Worth Dallas Ariington | | | | | |
| ţ. | Waco | | | | | |
| Candidates per Job | | | | | | |
| 111.34 - 17 | 1.22 171.23 - 353.00 | 353.01 - 463.67 46 | 3 3.68 - 637.50 63 | 7.51 - 1,197.00 | 1,197.00 - 1,366.00 | D N/A |

Job Source: Online advertised jobs data

Candidate Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system. Wage Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics Program The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage. Data is from a 2019 survey.

National Supply and Demand Summary

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters Employment of welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers is projected to grow 6 percent from 2016 to 2026, about as fast as the average for all occupations.

Employment growth reflects the need for welders in manufacturing because of the importance and versatility of welding as a manufacturing process. The basic skills of welding are similar across industries, so welders can easily shift from one industry to another, depending on where they are needed most. For example, welders who are laid off in the automotive manufacturing industry may be able to find work in the oil and gas industry.

The nation's aging infrastructure will require the expertise of welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers to help rebuild bridges, highways, and buildings. Also, the construction of new power generation facilities and, specifically, pipelines transporting natural gas and oil may result in new jobs.

Job Prospects

Overall job prospects will vary with the worker's skill level. Job prospects should be good for welders trained in the latest technologies. However, welders who do not have up-to-date training may face strong competition for jobs.

For all welders, job prospects should be better for those willing to relocate.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employers by Number of Job Openings

This section shows the employers with the highest number of job openings advertised online for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana on November 22, 2020 (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).

| Rank | Employer Name | Job Openings |
|------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| 1 | B&D Contracting, Inc. | <u>4</u> |
| 2 | Bollinger Shipyards, Inc. | <u>4</u> |
| 3 | Advantage Resourcing | <u>3</u> |
| 4 | Aptim | <u>3</u> |
| 5 | C & C Marine And Repair, L.L.C. | <u>3</u> |
| 6 | Crest Industries | <u>3</u> |
| 7 | General Electric Company | <u>3</u> |
| | | |

| Rank | Employer Name | Job Openings |
|------|--------------------------|--------------|
| 8 | Sabre Industries, Inc. | <u>3</u> |
| 9 | Bo-Mac Contractors, LTD. | <u>2</u> |
| 10 | EMCOR Group, Inc. | <u>2</u> |
| | | |

Advertised Job Skills

This section shows the top advertised detailed job skills found in job openings advertised online for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana in October, 2020. (Jobs De-duplication Level 1)

| Rank | Advertised Detailed Job Skill | Advertised Skill Group | Job Opening Match Count |
|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Welding | Welding Skills | <u>131</u> |
| 2 | Gas metal arc welding (GMAW) | Welding Skills | <u>29</u> |
| 3 | Arc welding | Welding Skills | <u>16</u> |
| 4 | Assemble parts | Assembler Skills | <u>10</u> |
| 5 | Preventative maintenance | Maintenance Technician Skills | <u>10</u> |
| 6 | Work from blueprints | Assembler Skills | <u>7</u> |
| 7 | Tig welding | Welding Skills | <u>6</u> |
| 8 | Must be flexible | Basic Skills | <u>5</u> |
| 9 | Attention to detail | Basic Skills | <u>4</u> |
| 10 | Decision making | Basic Skills | <u>4</u> |

Source: Online advertised jobs data

Advertised Tools and Technology

This section shows the top advertised detailed tools and technologies found in job openings advertised online for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana in October, 2020. (Jobs Deduplication Level 1)

| Rank | Advertised Detailed Tool or Technology | Advertised Tool and Technology Group | Job Opening Match Count |
|------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | Welding equipment | Welding Tools | <u>43</u> |
| 2 | Gas welding equipment | Gas Welding/Brazing or Cutting Apparatus | <u>25</u> |

| 22 |
|-----------|
| <u>23</u> |
| <u>16</u> |
| <u>13</u> |
| <u>12</u> |
| <u>12</u> |
| <u>10</u> |
| <u>10</u> |
| <u>10</u> |
| |

Source: Online advertised jobs data

Typical Job Skills

This section shows the job skills that are related to Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

| Rank | Typical Job Skills | Typical Skill Category |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Operate welding equipment | Work Output |
| 2 | Assemble metal or plastic parts or products | Work Output |
| 3 | Align parts or workpieces to ensure proper assembly | Work Output |
| 4 | Lay out parts to prepare for assembly | Work Output |
| 5 | Measure dimensions of completed products or workpieces to verify conformance to specifications | Information Input |
| 6 | Select production equipment according to product specifications | Mental Processes |
| 7 | Ignite fuel to activate heating equipment | Work Output |
| 8 | Adjust equipment controls to regulate gas flow | Work Output |
| 9 | Determine metal or plastic production methods | Mental Processes |
| 10 | Monitor equipment operation to ensure that products are not flawed | Information Input |
| 11 | Mark products, workpieces, or equipment with identifying information | Information Input |
| | | |

| Rank | Typical Job Skills | Typical Skill Category |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 12 | Review blueprints or other instructions to determine operational methods or sequences | Information Input |
| 13 | Operate grinding equipment | Work Output |
| 14 | Trim excess material from workpieces | Work Output |
| 15 | Clean workpieces or finished products | Work Output |
| 16 | Smooth metal surfaces or edges | Work Output |
| 17 | Signal others to coordinate work activities | Interacting With Others |
| 18 | Heat material or workpieces to prepare for or complete production | Work Output |
| 19 | Design templates or patterns | Mental Processes |
| 20 | Mount materials or workpieces onto production equipment | Work Output |
| 21 | Notify others of equipment repair or maintenance needs | Interacting With Others |
| 22 | Watch operating equipment to detect malfunctions | Information Input |
| 23 | Clean production equipment | Work Output |
| 24 | Cut industrial materials in preparation for fabrication or processing | Work Output |
| 25 | Shape metal workpieces with hammers or other small hand tools | Work Output |
| 26 | Disassemble equipment for maintenance or repair | Work Output |
| 27 | Repair parts or assemblies | Work Output |
| 28 | Reshape metal workpieces to established specifications | Work Output |
| 29 | Fill cracks, imperfections, or holes in products or workpieces | Work Output |
| 30 | Estimate material requirements for production | Mental Processes |
| 31 | Maintain inventories of materials, equipment, or products | Interacting With Others |
| 32 | Operate metal or plastic forming equipment | Work Output |
| 33 | Assemble metal structures | Work Output |
| 34 | Drill holes in parts, equipment, or materials | Work Output |
| 35 | Assemble temporary equipment or structures | Work Output |
| 36 | Apply protective or decorative finishes to workpieces or products | Work Output |
| | | |

| Rank | Typical Job Skills | Typical Skill Category |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 37 | Mix ingredients to create specific finishes | Work Output |
| 38 | Solder parts or workpieces | Work Output |
| 39 | Melt metal, plastic, or other materials to prepare for production | Work Output |

Personal Skills

This section shows the personal skills that are most useful for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters. Click on a link in the Personal Skills column to view more detailed information.

| Personal Skill | Skill Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Critical Thinking</u> | Using logic and reasoning to identify the strengths and weaknesses of alternative solutions, conclusions or approaches to problems. | 53 |
| <u>Operation and</u> <u>Control</u> | Controlling operations of equipment or systems. | 53 |
| <u>Monitoring</u> | Monitoring/Assessing performance of yourself, other individuals, or organizations to make improvements or take corrective action. | 50 |
| <u>Reading</u> <u>Comprehension</u> | Understanding written sentences and paragraphs in work related documents. | 50 |
| Active Listening | Giving full attention to what other people are saying, taking time to understand the points being made, asking questions as appropriate, and not interrupting at inappropriate times. | 47 |
| <u>Speaking</u> | Talking to others to convey information effectively. | 47 |
| <u>Operation</u> <u>Monitoring</u> | Watching gauges, dials, or other indicators to make sure a machine is working properly. | 47 |
| <u>Judgment and</u> <u>Decision</u> <u>Making</u> | Considering the relative costs and benefits of potential actions to choose the most appropriate one. | 47 |
| <u>Quality Control</u> <u>Analysis</u> | Conducting tests and inspections of products, services, or processes to evaluate quality or performance. | 44 |

| Personal Skill | Skill Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Time</u> <u>Management</u> | Managing one's own time and the time of others. | 44 |
| <u>Mathematics</u> | Using mathematics to solve problems. | 44 |
| Coordination | Adjusting actions in relation to others' actions. | 44 |
| <u>Complex</u> <u>Problem</u> <u>Solving</u> | Identifying complex problems and reviewing related information to develop and evaluate options and implement solutions. | 41 |
| Equipment Selection | Determining the kind of tools and equipment needed to do a job. | 38 |
| Instructing | Teaching others how to do something. | 38 |
| <u>Writing</u> | Communicating effectively in writing as appropriate for the needs of the audience. | 38 |
| <u>Social</u> <u>Perceptiveness</u> | Being aware of others' reactions and understanding why they react as they do. | 38 |
| <u>Repairing</u> | Repairing machines or systems using the needed tools. | 38 |
| <u>Troubleshooting</u> | Determining causes of operating errors and deciding what to do about it. | 35 |
| <u>Management of</u> <u>Personnel</u> <u>Resources</u> | Motivating, developing, and directing people as they work, identifying the best people for the job. | 35 |
| Active Learning | Understanding the implications of new information for both current and future problem-solving and decision-making. | 35 |
| <u>Service</u> Orientation | Actively looking for ways to help people. | 35 |
| Persuasion | Persuading others to change their minds or behavior. | 31 |
| <u>Learning</u> <u>Strategies</u> | Selecting and using training/instructional methods and procedures appropriate for the situation when learning or teaching new things. | 31 |
| <u>Systems</u> <u>Analysis</u> | Determining how a system should work and how changes in conditions, operations, and the environment will affect outcomes. | 31 |

| Personal Skill | Skill Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Systems</u> Evaluation | Identifying measures or indicators of system performance and the actions needed to improve or correct performance, relative to the goals of the system. | 31 |
| <u>Equipment</u> <u>Maintenance</u> | Performing routine maintenance on equipment and determining when and what kind of maintenance is needed. | 28 |
| <u>Management of</u> <u>Material</u> <u>Resources</u> | Obtaining and seeing to the appropriate use of equipment, facilities, and materials needed to do certain work. | 25 |
| <u>Negotiation</u> | Bringing others together and trying to reconcile differences. | 25 |
| <u>Operations</u> <u>Analysis</u> | Analyzing needs and product requirements to create a design. | 22 |
| <u>Technology</u> <u>Design</u> | Generating or adapting equipment and technology to serve user needs. | 22 |
| <u>Management of</u> <u>Financial</u> <u>Resources</u> | Determining how money will be spent to get the work done, and accounting for these expenditures. | 16 |
| Installation | Installing equipment, machines, wiring, or programs to meet specifications. | 13 |
| Programming | Writing computer programs for various purposes. | 6 |
| <u>Science</u> | Using scientific rules and methods to solve problems. | 6 |

Typical Education Requirements

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters usually require at least a High school diploma or equivalent. However, not all employers may make this a hiring requirement.

Source: This information is based on the BLS Occupational Outlook Handbook (OOH).

Required Level of Education

This section shows the results of a national survey listing the most common required level of education for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

| Rank | Required Level of Education | Percentage of Respondents |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Post-Secondary Certificate - awarded for training completed after high school (for example, in agriculture or natural resources, computer services, personal or culinary services, engineering technologies, healthcare, construction trades, mechanic and repair technologies, or precision production) | 41.32% |
| 2 | High School Diploma - or the equivalent (for example, GED) | 39.62% |
| 3 | Some College Courses | 13.17% |
| 4 | Less than a High School Diploma | 5.85% |
| 5 | Associate's Degree (or other 2-year degree) | 0.05% |

On The Job Training

This section shows the results of a national survey listing the most common lengths of on the job training for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

| Rank | On The Job Training | Percentage of Respondents |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Over 6 months, up to and including 1 year | 38.64% |
| 2 | Over 1 year, up to and including 2 years | 21.43% |
| 3 | Over 1 month, up to and including 3 months | 18.90% |
| 4 | Over 2 years, up to and including 4 years | 8.96% |
| 5 | Anything beyond short demonstration, up to and including 1 month | 6.23% |
| 6 | Over 3 months, up to and including 6 months | 3.24% |
| 7 | None or short demonstration | 2.48% |
| 8 | Over 4 years, up to and including 10 years | 0.06% |
| 9 | Over 10 years | 0.06% |

Source: This information is based on O*NET[™] data. O*NET is a trademark registered to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

On-Site or In-Plant Training

This section shows the results of a national survey listing the most common lengths of on-site or inplant training for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

| Rank | On-Site or In-Plant Training | Percentage of Respondents |
|------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Over 6 months, up to and including 1 year | 21.57% |
| 2 | Over 1 month, up to and including 3 months | 21.10% |
| 3 | Over 2 years, up to and including 4 years | 20.21% |
| 4 | Over 1 year, up to and including 2 years | 19.55% |
| 5 | Over 3 months, up to and including 6 months | 10.57% |
| 6 | Up to and including 1 month | 4.52% |
| 7 | None | 2.42% |
| 8 | Over 4 years, up to and including 10 years | 0.06% |

Education Level of Jobs and Candidates

This section shows the minimum level of education requested by employers on job openings advertised online, as well as the educational attainment of potential candidates in the workforce system that are looking for jobs as Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana on November 22, 2020. There were 43 job openings advertised online that did not specify a minimum education requirement (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).

| Rank | Education Level | Job Openings | Percentage of Job Openings | Potential Candidates | Percentage of Potential Candidates |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 1 | No Minimum Education Requirement | <u>20</u> | 25.97% | 0 | N/A |
| 2 | Less than High School | 0 | N/A | 385 | 12.88% |
| 3 | High School Diploma or Equivalent | <u>9</u> | 11.69% | 1,358 | 45.43% |
| 4 | 1 Year of College or a Technical or Vocational School | <u>3</u> | 3.90% | 325 | 10.87% |
| 5 | 2 Years of College or a Technical or Vocational School | 0 | N/A | 274 | 9.17% |
| 6 | 3 Years of College or a Technical or Vocational School | 0 | N/A | 77 | 2.58% |
| 7 | Vocational School Certificate | <u>2</u> | 2.60% | 454 | 15.19% |

| Rank | Education Level | Job Openings | Percentage of Job Openings | Potential Candidates | Percentage of Potential Candidates |
|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 8 | Associate's Degree | 0 | N/A | 78 | 2.61% |
| 9 | Bachelor's Degree | 0 | N/A | 31 | 1.04% |
| 10 | Master's Degree | 0 | N/A | 2 | 0.07% |
| 11 | Specialized Degree (e.g. MD, DDS) | 0 | N/A | 5 | 0.17% |
| 12 | Not Specified | <u>43</u> | 55.84% | 0 | N/A |

Job Source: Online advertised jobs data

Candidate Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system.

Education Training Programs

This section shows the Education Training Programs for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana.

| Provider Name | Program Name | Location | Tuition | Length | WIOA Eligible |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------|------------|------------------|
| <u>Advanced</u> <u>Welding</u> <u>School, LLC</u> | <u>GMAW/FCAW PIPE</u> An industry-recognized certificate or certification, Employment, A measurable skills gain leading to a credential, A measurable skills gain leading to employment | Walker, LA | \$8,000 | 8 Weeks | 0 |
| <u>Advanced</u> <u>Welding</u> <u>School, LLC</u> | <u>GMAW/FCAW</u> <u>STRUCTURAL</u> An industry-recognized certificate or certification, Employment, A measurable skills gain leading to a credential, A measurable skills gain leading to employment | Walker, LA | \$8,000 | 8 Weeks | 0 |

| Provider Name | Program Name | Location | Tuition | Length | WIOA Eligible |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|------------------|
| <u>Advanced</u> <u>Welding</u> <u>School, LLC</u> | GTAW ADVANCED EXOTIC ALLOY An industry-recognized certificate or certification, Employment, A measurable skills gain leading to a credential, A measurable skills gain leading to employment | Walker, LA | \$12,000 | 8 Weeks | • |
| <u>Advanced</u> <u>Welding</u> <u>School, LLC</u> | GTAW PIPE An industry-recognized certificate or certification, Employment, A measurable skills gain leading to a credential, A measurable skills gain leading to employment | Walker, LA | \$9,000 | 8 Weeks | • |
| <u>Advanced</u> <u>Welding</u> <u>School, LLC</u> | GTAW STRUCTURAL An industry-recognized certificate or certification, Employment, A measurable skills gain leading to a credential, A measurable skills gain leading to employment | Walker, LA | \$9,000 | 8 Weeks | • |
| <u>Advanced</u> <u>Welding</u> <u>School, LLC</u> | <u>SMAW PIPE</u> An industry-recognized certificate or certification, Employment, A measurable skills gain leading to a credential, A measurable skills gain leading to employment | Walker, LA | \$8,000 | 8 Weeks | • |

| Provider Name | Program Name | Location | Tuition | Length | WIOA Eligible |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------|--------------|------------------|
| <u>Advanced</u> <u>Welding</u> <u>School, LLC</u> | SMAW STRUCTURAL An industry-recognized certificate or certification, Employment, A measurable skills gain leading to a credential, A measurable skills gain leading to employment | Walker, LA | \$8,000 | 8 Weeks | • |
| <u>Associated</u> <u>Builders &</u> <u>Contractors</u> <u>- Lake</u> <u>Charles</u> <u>(Pelican)</u> | <u>Welding Level 1 - 3</u> | WESTLAKE, LA | \$8,400 | 720 Hours | |
| <u>Associated</u> <u>Builders and</u> <u>Contractors</u> <u>- B.R.</u> <u>(Pelican)</u> | <u>WELDING - FAST TRACK</u> | BATON ROUGE, LA | \$1,033 | 384 Hours | |
| <u>Associated</u> <u>Builders and</u> <u>Contractors</u> <u>- B.R.</u> <u>(Pelican)</u> | <u>Welding Level 1 - 3</u> | BATON ROUGE, LA | \$8,400 | 720 Hours | |

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, Midyear Estimates

Advertised Job Certifications

This section shows the top advertised certification groups found in job openings advertised online for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana in October, 2020. (Jobs De-duplication Level 1)

| Rank | Advertised Certification Group | Advertised Certification Sub-Category | Job Opening Match Count |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | American Welding Society (AWS) Certifications | Welding | <u>3</u> |
| 2 | International Executive Housekeepers Association (IEHA) | Housekeeping | 1 |

3 American Council for Accredited Certification (ACAC)

Environmental Science

1

Source: Online advertised jobs data

Training Program Completers

There is no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana.

National Education, Training, Licensing and Qualifications

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters Education & Training

A high school diploma or equivalent, combined with technical and on-the-job training, is typically required for anyone to become a welder, cutter, solderer, or brazer. High school technical education courses and postsecondary institutions, such as vocational–technical institutes, community colleges, and private welding, soldering, and brazing schools offer formal technical training. In addition, the various branches of the U.S. Armed Forces operate welding and soldering schools.

Courses in blueprint reading, shop mathematics, mechanical drawing, physics, chemistry, and metallurgy are helpful.

An understanding of electricity also is helpful, and knowledge of computers is gaining importance as welding, soldering, and brazing machine operators become more responsible for programming robots and other computer-controlled machines.

Although numerous employers are willing to hire inexperienced entry-level workers and train them on the job, many prefer to hire workers who have been through training or credentialing programs. Even entry-level workers with formal technical training still receive several months of on-the-job training.

Licenses, Certifications, and Registrations

Courses leading to certification are offered at many welding schools. For example, the American Welding Society offers the Certified Welder designation.

Some welding positions require general certification in welding or certification in specific skills, such as Certified Welding Inspector and Certified Robotic Arc Welding.

The Institute for Printed Circuits offers certification and training in soldering. In industries such as aerospace and defense, which need highly skilled workers, many employers require these certifications. Certification can show mastery of lead-free soldering techniques, which are important to many employers.

Some employers pay the cost of training and testing for employees.

Important Qualities

Detail oriented. Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers perform precision work, often with straight edges and minimal flaws. The ability to see details and characteristics of the joint and detect changes in molten metal flows requires good eyesight and attention to detail.

Manual dexterity. Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers must have a steady hand to hold a torch in one place. Workers must also have good hand–eye coordination.

Physical stamina. The ability to endure long periods of standing and repetitious movements is important for welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers.

Physical strength. Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers must be in good physical condition. They often must lift heavy pieces of metal and move welding or cutting equipment, and they sometimes bend, stoop, or reach while working.

Spatial-orientation skills. Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers must read, understand, and interpret two- and three-dimensional diagrams in order to fit metal products correctly.

Technical skills. Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers must operate manual or semiautomatic welding equipment to fuse metal segments.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Typical Work Experience Requirements

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters Employees in these occupations usually need one or two years of training involving both on-the-job experience and informal training with experienced workers. A recognized apprenticeship program may be associated with these occupations.

Source: This information is based on O*NET[™] data. O*NET is a trademark registered to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

Related Work Experience

This section shows the results of a national survey listing the most common related work experience for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

Rank Related Work Experience

Percentage of Respondents

1 Over 2 years, up to and including 4 years

| Rank | Related Work Experience | Percentage of Respondents |
|------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2 | Over 1 year, up to and including 2 years | 17.17% |
| 3 | Over 3 months, up to and including 6 months | 12.83% |
| 4 | Over 10 years | 10.54% |
| 5 | Over 4 years, up to and including 6 years | 10.53% |
| 6 | Over 6 years, up to and including 8 years | 10.48% |
| 7 | Over 6 months, up to and including 1 year | 4.17% |
| 8 | Over 1 month, up to and including 3 months | 4.08% |
| 9 | None | 0.11% |
| 10 | Up to and including 1 month | 0.06% |

Work Experience of Jobs and Candidates

This section shows the minimum required work experience requested by employers on job openings advertised online, as well as the experience level of potential candidates in the workforce system that are looking for jobs as Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana on November 22, 2020. There were 44 job openings advertised online that did not specify a minimum experience requirement (Jobs De-duplication Level <u>2</u>).

| Rank | Experience | Job Openings | Percentage of Job Openings | Potential Candidates | Percentage of Potential Candidates |
|------|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Not Specified | 44 | 57.14% | 0 | N/A |
| 2 | Entry Level | 2 | 2.60% | 0 | N/A |
| 3 | Less than 1 year | 6 | 7.79% | 155 | 5.19% |
| 4 | 1 Year to 2 Years | 16 | 20.78% | 123 | 4.12% |
| 5 | 2 Years to 5 Years | 9 | 11.69% | 298 | 9.97% |
| 6 | 5 Years to 10 Years | 0 | N/A | 402 | 13.45% |
| 7 | More than 10 Years | 0 | N/A | 2,011 | 67.28% |

Job Source: Online advertised jobs data

Candidate Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system.

Current Job Order Wage Information

The employer has NOT indicated a salary range for this job. The information below shows statistics on typical salaries in the local labor market for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters. This data is NOT an indication of what this employer is willing to pay for this job.

Employment Wage Statistics

This section shows the estimated employment wage statistics for individuals in Louisiana employed for Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers (no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters) in 2019.

| Rate Type / Statistical Type | Entry level | Median | Experienced |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Annual wage or salary | \$33,141 | \$50,895 | \$79,041 |
| Hourly wage | \$15.93 | \$24.47 | \$38.00 |

Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics Program The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage. Entry level and Experienced wage rates represent the means of the lower 1/3 and upper 2/3 of the wage distribution,

respectively. Data is from an annual survey.

Wage Rates on Advertised Jobs

This section shows a statistical breakdown of available wage data on the <u>77</u> job openings advertised online for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana that posted a salary on November 22, 2020.

| Rate Type / Statistical Type | Entry Level | Median | Experienced |
|------------------------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Annual wage or salary | \$36,003 | \$41,400 | \$47,427 |
| Hourly Wage | \$17.31 | \$19.90 | \$22.80 |

Source: Online advertised jobs data

Note: This information is based on actual job orders and is not based on a statistically valid labor market survey. Hourly wage rate calculations in this section assume a 40 hour work week.

Desired Salary of Available Candidates

This section shows the desired salary of potential candidates in the workforce system that are looking for jobs as Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana on November 22, 2020.

| Rank | Desired Salary | Potential Candidates | Percentage of Potential Candidates |
|------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Not Specified | 818 | 27.02% |
| 2 | \$5,000 - \$19,999 | 25 | 0.83% |
| 3 | \$20,000 - \$34,999 | 476 | 15.72% |
| 4 | \$35,000 - \$49,999 | 921 | 30.42% |
| 5 | \$50,000 - \$64,999 | 509 | 16.81% |
| 6 | \$65,000 - \$79,999 | 207 | 6.84% |
| 7 | \$80,000 - \$94,999 | 49 | 1.62% |
| 8 | \$95,000 or more | 23 | 0.76% |

Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system.

Wage Rates Area Distribution

There is no data available for Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers (no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters) in Louisiana.

Wage Rates in Related Occupations

This section shows a comparison of 2019 median annual rates for occupations that are in the same occupational family as Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters for Louisiana.

| Rank | Occupation | Median | *Related By |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| 1 | Layout Workers, Metal and Plastic | \$58,729 | O*NET |
| 2 | Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers | \$50,895 | SOC4 |
| 3 | Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters <i>•</i> | \$50,895 | N/A |
| 4 | Solderers and Brazers | \$50,895 | O*NET |
| 5 | Rail Car Repairers | \$49,923 | O*NET |
| 6 | <u>Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders</u> | \$49,704 | O*NET |
| 7 | Engine and Other Machine Assemblers | \$46,161 | O*NET |
| 8 | Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters | \$45,331 | O*NET |
| 9 | <u>Heat Treating Equipment Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | \$44,296 | SOC4 |

| Rank | Occupation | Median | *Related By |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| 10 | Floor Layers, Except Carpet, Wood, and Hard Tiles | \$43,944 | O*NET |
| 11 | Tool and Die Makers | \$43,334 | SOC4 |
| 12 | <u>Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | \$42,806 | O*NET |
| 13 | Painters, Construction and Maintenance | \$42,182 | O*NET |
| 14 | Mechanical Door Repairers | \$41,529 | O*NET |
| 15 | Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic <i> «</i> | \$40,118 | O*NET |
| 16 | Roofers 🗇 🔎 | \$37,593 | O*NET |
| 17 | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators | \$37,033 | O*NET |
| 18 | <u>Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders,</u> <u>Wood</u> | \$36,720 | O*NET |
| 19 | Dredge Operators | \$35,406 | O*NET |
| 20 | <u>Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | \$33,935 | O*NET |
| 21 | HelpersCarpenters • 🖉 | \$33,810 | O*NET |
| 22 | Tool Grinders, Filers, and Sharpeners | \$33,312 | SOC4 |
| 23 | Print Binding and Finishing Workers | \$32,129 | O*NET |
| 24 | HelpersProduction Workers | \$31,693 | O*NET |
| 25 | Printing Press Operators | \$30,411 | O*NET |
| 26 | <u>Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Except Sawing</u> | \$29,955 | O*NET |
| 27 | Painting, Coating, and Decorating Workers | \$29,854 | O*NET |
| 28 | Coil Winders, Tapers, and Finishers | \$29,280 | O*NET |
| 29 | Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians | \$28,262 | O*NET |
| 30 | Stone Cutters and Carvers, Manufacturing | \$27,396 | O*NET |
| 31 | Molding and Casting Workers | \$27,396 | O*NET |
| 32 | Agricultural Equipment Operators | \$27,021 | O*NET |
| 33 | Molding, Coremaking, and Casting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | \$25,514 | O*NET |
| 34 | <u>Milling and Planing Machine Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | N/A | O*NET |

STATIONALLY STATIONALLY STATIONALLY

Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Statistics Program The median wage is the estimated 50th percentile; 50 percent of workers in an occupation earn less than the median wage, and 50 percent earn more than the median wage. Entry level and Experienced wage rates represent the means of the lower 1/3 and upper 2/3 of the wage distribution, respectively. Data is from an annual survey.

*Related By: O*NET[™] - The <u>Occupational Information Network</u>. O*NET is a registered trademark of the <u>US Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration</u>.

SOC4 - Occupational grouping based on 1st 4 digits of the <u>Standard Occupational Classification</u> system.

Wage Rates by Industry

There is no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana.

National Earnings Data Summary

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters The median annual wage for welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers was \$39,390 in May 2016. The median wage is the wage at which half the workers in an occupation earned more than that amount and half earned less. The lowest 10 percent earned less than \$26,800, and the highest 10 percent earned more than \$62,100.

In May 2016, the median annual wages for welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers in the top industries in which they worked were as follows:

Specialty trade contractors \$42,900 Repair and maintenance 39,340 Manufacturing 38,200 Merchant wholesalers, durable goods 37,790

Wages for welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers vary with the worker's experience and skill level, the industry, and the size of the company.

Most welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers work full time, and overtime is common. Many manufacturing firms have two or three 8- to 12-hour shifts each day, allowing the firm to continue production around the clock if needed. As a result, welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers may work evenings and weekends.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Occupational Employment & Future Employment Outlook

This section shows the long term employment projections for Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers (no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters) in Louisiana from 2016-2026.

| Occupation | 2016 Estimated Employment | 2026 Projected Employment | Total 2016- 2026 Employment Change | 2016-2026 Annual Avg. Percent Change |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers | 15,902 | 17,381 | 1,479 | 0.89% |
| Total All | 2,034,986 | 2,203,144 | 168,158 | 0.80% |

Source: Occupational Employment Projections

Employment Data Area Distribution

This section shows the distribution of the 2016 estimated employment for Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers (no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters) in Louisiana by regional labor market area.

| Rank | Area | 2016 Estimated Employment | |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | <u>2nd Regional Labor</u> <u>Market Area, Baton</u> <u>Rouge</u> | 4,097 | Fort Worth |
| 2 | <u>4th Regional Labor</u> Market Area, Lafayette | 3,399 | |
| 3 | <u>1st Regional Labor</u> <u>Market Area, New</u> <u>Orleans</u> | 3,007 | Austin |
| 4 | <u>5th Regional Labor</u> <u>Market Area, Lake</u> <u>Charles</u> | 2,013 | Houston San Antonio |
| 5 | <u> 3rd Regional Labor</u> Market Area, Houma | 1,370 | Estimated Employment |
| 6 | <u>7th Regional Labor</u> <u>Market Area, Shreveport</u> | 1,025 | 120 603 - 1,371 - 2,014 - 3,008 - 3,399 - N/A |
| 7 | <u>6th Regional Labor</u> <u>Market Area, Alexandria</u> | 602 | 439 - 602 603 - 1,371 - 2,014 - 3,008 - 3,399 - N/A 1,370 2,013 3,007 3,399 4,097 N/A |
| 8 | <u>8th Regional Labor</u> Market Area, Monroe | 438 | |

Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Projections Program

Employment Data in Related Occupations

This section shows the 2016 Estimated Employment in Louisiana for occupations related to Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

| Rank | Occupation | 2016 Estimated Employment | *Related By |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Solderers and Brazers | 15,902 | O*NET |
| 2 | Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters <i> </i> | 15,902 | SOC4 |
| 3 | Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers | 15,902 | SOC4 |
| 4 | Painters, Construction and Maintenance | 8,434 | O*NET |
| 5 | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators | 6,776 | O*NET |
| 6 | HelpersProduction Workers | 5,874 | O*NET |
| 7 | Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters | 2,175 | O*NET |
| 8 | HelpersCarpenters • 🖉 | 1,894 | O*NET |
| 9 | Printing Press Operators | 1,537 | O*NET |
| 10 | Painters, Transportation Equipment | 968 | O*NET |
| 11 | <u>Roofers</u> 🄶 🕖 | 832 | O*NET |
| 12 | Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | 670 | O*NET |
| 13 | <u>Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders</u> | 623 | O*NET |
| 14 | Agricultural Equipment Operators | 620 | O*NET |
| 15 | <u>Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders,</u> <u>Wood</u> | 484 | O*NET |
| 16 | Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians | 442 | O*NET |
| 17 | <u>Tapers</u> | 422 | O*NET |
| 18 | Molding, Coremaking, and Casting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | 373 | O*NET |
| 19 | <u>Plating and Coating Machine Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | 363 | O*NET |
| 20 | Rail Car Repairers | 358 | O*NET |
| 21 | Layout Workers, Metal and Plastic | 357 | O*NET |
| 22 | Print Binding and Finishing Workers | 341 | O*NET |
| 23 | Floor Layers, Except Carpet, Wood, and Hard Tiles | 326 | O*NET |

| Rank | Occupation | 2016 Estimated Employment | *Related By |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| 24 | <u>Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Except Sawing</u> | 303 | O*NET |
| 25 | Tool and Die Makers | 259 | SOC4 |
| 26 | Fallers | 241 | O*NET |
| 27 | Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | 194 | O*NET |
| 28 | Dredge Operators | 193 | O*NET |
| 29 | Molding and Casting Workers | 188 | O*NET |
| 30 | Stone Cutters and Carvers, Manufacturing | 188 | O*NET |
| 31 | <u>Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | 178 | O*NET |
| 32 | <u>Heat Treating Equipment Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | 173 | SOC4 |
| 33 | Metal Workers and Plastic Workers, All Other | 158 | SOC4 |
| 34 | Painting, Coating, and Decorating Workers | 126 | O*NET |
| 35 | Tool Grinders, Filers, and Sharpeners | 115 | SOC4 |
| 36 | Engine and Other Machine Assemblers | 73 | O*NET |
| 37 | <u>Milling and Planing Machine Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | 51 | O*NET |
| 38 | Cutters and Trimmers, Hand | 48 | O*NET |
| 39 | Coil Winders, Tapers, and Finishers | 36 | O*NET |
| * | Bicycle Repairers | Confidential | O*NET |
| * | Floor Sanders and Finishers | Confidential | O*NET |
| * | Forging Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | Confidential | O*NET |
| * | Foundry Mold and Coremakers | Confidential | O*NET |
| * | Mechanical Door Repairers | Confidential | O*NET |
| * | Model Makers, Metal and Plastic | Confidential | O*NET |
| * | Pourers and Casters, Metal | Confidential | O*NET |
| * | Refractory Materials Repairers, Except Brickmasons | Confidential | O*NET |

STRIGHT OUTLOOK NATIONALLY

* Rank is suppressed for confidential data.

Source: Occupational Employment Projections

*Related By: O*NET[™] - The <u>Occupational Information Network</u>. O*NET is a registered trademark of the <u>US Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration</u>.

SOC4 - Occupational grouping based on 1st 4 digits of the <u>Standard Occupational Classification</u> system.

Projected Annual Openings

This section shows the long term projected annual openings for Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers (no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters) in Louisiana from 2016 to 2026.

| Occupation | Total Annual Average Openings | Annual Average Openings Due to Growth | Annual Average Openings Due to Replacement |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Production | N/A | N/A | N/A |

Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Projections Program

Projected Annual Openings Area Distribution

This section shows the distribution of the total annual average openings for Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers (no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters) in Louisiana by regional labor market area from 2016 to 2026.

| Rank | Area | Total Annual Average Openings | There is no tota available for We Fitters in Louisia |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | <u>1st Regional Labor Market</u> <u>Area, New Orleans</u> | N/A | |
| 2 | <u>2nd Regional Labor</u> Market Area <u>, Baton Rouge</u> | N/A | |
| 3 | <u> 3rd Regional Labor Market</u> <u>Area, Houma</u> | N/A | |
| 4 | <u>4th Regional Labor Market</u> <u>Area, Lafayette</u> | N/A | |
| 5 | <u>5th Regional Labor Market</u> <u>Area, Lake Charles</u> | N/A | |
| 6 | <u>6th Regional Labor Market</u> <u>Area, Alexandria</u> | N/A | |
| 7 | <u>7th Regional Labor Market</u> <u>Area, Shreveport</u> | N/A | |
| 8 | <u>8th Regional Labor Market</u> <u>Area, Monroe</u> | N/A | |

There is no total annual average openings data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana.

Source: Labor Market Statistics, Occupational Employment Projections Program

Projected Annual Openings in Related Occupations

This section shows the projected total annual average openings in Louisiana for occupations related to Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters from 2016 to 2026.

| Rank | Occupation | Total Annual Average Openings | *Related By |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | Agricultural Equipment Operators | N/A | O*NET |
| 2 | Coil Winders, Tapers, and Finishers | N/A | O*NET |
| 3 | Cutters and Trimmers, Hand | N/A | O*NET |
| 4 | Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic <i>#</i> | N/A | O*NET |
| 5 | Dredge Operators | N/A | O*NET |
| 6 | Engine and Other Machine Assemblers | N/A | O*NET |
| 7 | <u>Fallers</u> | N/A | O*NET |

| Rank | Occupation | Total Annual Average Openings | *Related By |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| 8 | Floor Layers, Except Carpet, Wood, and Hard Tiles | N/A | O*NET |
| 9 | <u>Heat Treating Equipment Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | N/A | SOC4 |
| 10 | HelpersCarpenters • 🖉 | N/A | O*NET |
| 11 | HelpersProduction Workers | N/A | O*NET |
| 12 | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators | N/A | O*NET |
| 13 | <u>Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | N/A | O*NET |
| 14 | Layout Workers, Metal and Plastic | N/A | O*NET |
| 15 | Metal Workers and Plastic Workers, All Other | N/A | SOC4 |
| 16 | <u>Milling and Planing Machine Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | N/A | O*NET |
| 17 | Molding and Casting Workers | N/A | O*NET |
| 18 | Molding, Coremaking, and Casting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | N/A | O*NET |
| 19 | <u>Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and Plastic</u> | N/A | O*NET |
| 20 | Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians | N/A | O*NET |
| 21 | Painters, Construction and Maintenance | N/A | O*NET |
| 22 | Painters, Transportation Equipment | N/A | O*NET |
| 23 | Painting, Coating, and Decorating Workers | N/A | O*NET |
| 24 | <u>Plating and Coating Machine Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | N/A | O*NET |
| 25 | Print Binding and Finishing Workers | N/A | O*NET |
| 26 | Printing Press Operators | N/A | O*NET |
| 27 | Rail Car Repairers | N/A | O*NET |
| 28 | <u>Roofers</u> 🌣 🕖 | N/A | O*NET |
| 29 | <u>Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders,</u> <u>Wood</u> | N/A | O*NET |
| 30 | Solderers and Brazers | N/A | O*NET |
| 31 | Stone Cutters and Carvers, Manufacturing | N/A | O*NET |
| 32 | Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters | N/A | O*NET |

| Rank | Occupation | Total Annual Average Openings | *Related By | | |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| 33 | <u>Tapers</u> | N/A | O*NET | | |
| 34 | Tool and Die Makers | N/A | SOC4 | | |
| 35 | Tool Grinders, Filers, and Sharpeners | N/A | SOC4 | | |
| 36 | Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters <i> </i> | N/A | SOC4 | | |
| 37 | Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers | N/A | SOC4 | | |
| 38 | <u>Welding, Soldering, and Brazing Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and Tenders</u> | N/A | O*NET | | |
| 39 | <u>Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Except Sawing</u> | N/A | O*NET | | |
| * | Bicycle Repairers | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| * | Floor Sanders and Finishers | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| * | <u>Forging Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders,</u> <u>Metal and Plastic</u> | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| * | Foundry Mold and Coremakers | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| * | Mechanical Door Repairers | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| * | Model Makers, Metal and Plastic | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| * | Pourers and Casters, Metal | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| * | Refractory Materials Repairers, Except Brickmasons | Confidential | O*NET | | |
| | STATIONALLY STATIONALLY STATIONALLY | | | | |

* Rank is suppressed for confidential data.

Source: Occupational Employment Projections

Industries by Employment

This section shows the industries that employed the highest number of Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers (no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters) in Louisiana in 2016.

| Rank | Industry Title | Estimated Employment | Percent of Total Employment |
|------|------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | Heavy and Civil Engineering Construction | 2,921 | 18.37% |
| 2 | Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing | 2,082 | 13.09% |
| 3 | Specialty Trade Contractors | 1,443 | 9.07% |

| Rank | Industry Title | Estimated Employment | Percent of Total Employment |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 4 | Transportation Equipment Manufacturing | 1,413 | 8.89% |
| 5 | Machinery Manufacturing | 1,409 | 8.86% |
| 6 | Construction of Buildings | 1,258 | 7.91% |
| 7 | Administrative and Support Services | 1,079 | 6.79% |
| 8 | Support Activities for Mining | 993 | 6.24% |
| 9 | <u>Self-Employed and Unpaid Family Workers, Primary</u> Job | 867 | 5.45% |
| 10 | Repair and Maintenance | 397 | 2.50% |
| | | | |

Source: Louisiana Workforce Commission, Occupational Projections Program

Work Activities

This section shows the most common work activities required by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in order of importance. Click on a link in the Work Activity column to view more detailed information.

| Work Activity | Work Activity Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Controlling Machines</u> and Processes | Using either control mechanisms or direct physical activity to operate machines or processes (not including computers or vehicles). | 89 |
| <u>Handling and Moving</u> <u>Objects</u> | Using hands and arms in handling, installing, positioning, and moving materials, and manipulating things. | 82 |
| Identifying Objects, Actions, and Events | Identifying information by categorizing, estimating, recognizing differences or similarities, and detecting changes in circumstances or events. | 76 |
| <u>Operating Vehicles,</u> <u>Mechanized Devices, or</u> <u>Equipment</u> | Running, maneuvering, navigating, or driving vehicles or mechanized equipment, such as forklifts, passenger vehicles, aircraft, or water craft. | 74 |

| Work Activity | Work Activity Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Performing General</u> <u>Physical Activities</u> | Performing physical activities that require considerable use of your arms and legs and moving your whole body, such as climbing, lifting, balancing, walking, stooping, and handling of materials. | 70 |
| Getting Information | Observing, receiving, and otherwise obtaining information from all relevant sources. | 70 |
| <u>Communicating with</u> <u>Supervisors, Peers, or</u> <u>Subordinates</u> | Providing information to supervisors, co- workers, and subordinates by telephone, in written form, e-mail, or in person. | 70 |
| <u>Inspecting Equipment,</u> Structures, or Material | Inspecting equipment, structures, or materials to identify the cause of errors or other problems or defects. | 69 |
| <u>Thinking Creatively</u> | Developing, designing, or creating new applications, ideas, relationships, systems, or products, including artistic contributions. | 68 |
| <u>Training and Teaching</u> <u>Others</u> | Identifying the educational needs of others, developing formal educational or training programs or classes, and teaching or instructing others. | 65 |
| <u>Monitor Processes,</u> <u>Materials, or</u> <u>Surroundings</u> | Monitoring and reviewing information from materials, events, or the environment, to detect or assess problems. | 63 |
| <u>Organizing, Planning,</u> and Prioritizing Work | Developing specific goals and plans to prioritize, organize, and accomplish your work. | 61 |
| <u>Making Decisions and</u> Solving Problems | Analyzing information and evaluating results to choose the best solution and solve problems. | 61 |
| Processing Information | Compiling, coding, categorizing, calculating, tabulating, auditing, or verifying information or data. | 60 |

| Work Activity | Work Activity Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Repairing and</u> <u>Maintaining Mechanical</u> <u>Equipment</u> | Servicing, repairing, adjusting, and testing machines, devices, moving parts, and equipment that operate primarily on the basis of mechanical (not electronic) principles. | 57 |
| Coordinating the Work and Activities of Others | Getting members of a group to work together to accomplish tasks. | 57 |
| <u>Evaluating Information</u> <u>to Determine</u> <u>Compliance with</u> <u>Standards</u> | Using relevant information and individual judgment to determine whether events or processes comply with laws, regulations, or standards. | 57 |
| <u>Updating and Using</u> <u>Relevant Knowledge</u> | Keeping up-to-date technically and applying new knowledge to your job. | 57 |
| <u>Assisting and Caring for</u> <u>Others</u> | Providing personal assistance, medical attention, emotional support, or other personal care to others such as coworkers, customers, or patients. | 56 |
| <u>Coaching and</u> <u>Developing Others</u> | Identifying the developmental needs of others and coaching, mentoring, or otherwise helping others to improve their knowledge or skills. | 56 |
| Developing Objectives and Strategies | Establishing long-range objectives and specifying the strategies and actions to achieve them. | 55 |
| <u>Estimating the</u> <u>Quantifiable</u> <u>Characteristics of</u> <u>Products, Events, or</u> <u>Information</u> | Estimating sizes, distances, and quantities; or determining time, costs, resources, or materials needed to perform a work activity. | 55 |
| <u>Guiding, Directing, and</u> <u>Motivating Subordinates</u> | Providing guidance and direction to subordinates, including setting performance standards and monitoring performance. | 55 |
| Provide Consultation and Advice to Others | Providing guidance and expert advice to management or other groups on technical, systems-, or process-related topics. | 55 |

| Work Activity | Work Activity Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Judging the Qualities of Things, Services, or People | Assessing the value, importance, or quality of things or people. | 54 |
| Scheduling Work and Activities | Scheduling events, programs, and activities, as well as the work of others. | 54 |
| <u>Drafting, Laying Out,</u> and Specifying Technical Devices, Parts, and Equipment | Providing documentation, detailed instructions, drawings, or specifications to tell others about how devices, parts, equipment, or structures are to be fabricated, constructed, assembled, modified, maintained, or used. | 51 |
| <u>Establishing and</u> <u>Maintaining</u> <u>Interpersonal</u> <u>Relationships</u> | Developing constructive and cooperative working relationships with others, and maintaining them over time. | 50 |
| Documenting/Recording Information | Entering, transcribing, recording, storing, or maintaining information in written or electronic/magnetic form. | 49 |
| <u>Analyzing Data or</u> Information | Identifying the underlying principles, reasons, or facts of information by breaking down information or data into separate parts. | 47 |
| <u>Developing and Building</u> <u>Teams</u> | Encouraging and building mutual trust, respect, and cooperation among team members. | 47 |
| Interpreting the Meaning of Information for Others | Translating or explaining what information means and how it can be used. | 46 |
| <u>Communicating with</u> <u>Persons Outside</u> <u>Organization</u> | Communicating with people outside the organization, representing the organization to customers, the public, government, and other external sources. This information can be exchanged in person, in writing, or by telephone or e- mail. | 46 |
| <u>Selling or Influencing</u> <u>Others</u> | Convincing others to buy merchandise/goods or to otherwise change their minds or actions. | 44 |

| Work Activity | Work Activity Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Monitoring and Controlling Resources | Monitoring and controlling resources and overseeing the spending of money. | 44 |
| <u>Performing for or</u> <u>Working Directly with</u> <u>the Public</u> | Performing for people or dealing directly with the public. This includes serving customers in restaurants and stores, and receiving clients or guests. | 42 |
| <u>Repairing and</u> <u>Maintaining Electronic</u> <u>Equipment</u> | Servicing, repairing, calibrating, regulating, fine-tuning, or testing machines, devices, and equipment that operate primarily on the basis of electrical or electronic (not mechanical) principles. | 40 |
| Resolving Conflicts and Negotiating with Others | Handling complaints, settling disputes, and resolving grievances and conflicts, or otherwise negotiating with others. | 40 |
| Performing Administrative Activities | Performing day-to-day administrative tasks such as maintaining information files and processing paperwork. | 39 |
| Interacting With Computers | Using computers and computer systems (including hardware and software) to program, write software, set up functions, enter data, or process information. | 30 |
| <u>Staffing Organizational</u> <u>Units</u> | Recruiting, interviewing, selecting, hiring, and promoting employees in an organization. | 27 |

Tasks

This section shows the most common tasks required by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in order of importance. Click on a link in the Task column to view more detailed information.

| Tasks | Task Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Weld components in flat, vertical, or overhead positions. | Core | 90 |
| Operate safety equipment and use safe work habits. | Core | 89 |

| Tasks | Task Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Lay out, position, align, and secure parts and assemblies prior to assembly, using straightedges, combination squares, calipers, and rulers. | Core | 87 |
| Examine workpieces for defects and measure workpieces with straightedges or templates to ensure conformance with specifications. | Core | 85 |
| Recognize, set up, and operate hand and power tools common to the welding trade, such as shielded metal arc and gas metal arc welding equipment. | Core | 84 |
| Weld separately or in combination, using aluminum, stainless steel, cast iron, and other alloys. | Core | 83 |
| <u>Clamp, hold, tack-weld, heat-bend, grind or bolt</u> <u>component parts to obtain required configurations</u> <u>and positions for welding.</u> | Core | 83 |
| Select and install torches, torch tips, filler rods, and flux, according to welding chart specifications or types and thicknesses of metals. | Core | 83 |
| Ignite torches or start power supplies and strike arcs by touching electrodes to metals being welded, completing electrical circuits. | Core | 82 |
| <u>Connect and turn regulator valves to activate and</u> <u>adjust gas flow and pressure so that desired flames</u> <u>are obtained.</u> | Core | 82 |
| Determine required equipment and welding methods, applying knowledge of metallurgy, geometry, and welding techniques. | Core | 81 |
| Operate manual or semi-automatic welding equipment to fuse metal segments, using processes such as gas tungsten arc, gas metal arc, flux-cored arc, plasma arc, shielded metal arc, resistance welding, and submerged arc welding. | Core | 81 |
| Monitor the fitting, burning, and welding processes to avoid overheating of parts or warping, shrinking, distortion, or expansion of material. | Core | 81 |
| <u>Analyze engineering drawings, blueprints,</u> <u>specifications, sketches, work orders, and material</u> <u>safety data sheets to plan layout, assembly, and</u> <u>welding operations.</u> | Core | 81 |

| Tasks | Task Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Mark or tag material with proper job number, piece marks, and other identifying marks as required. | Core | 81 |
| <u>Chip or grind off excess weld, slag, or spatter, using</u> hand scrapers or power chippers, portable grinders, or arc-cutting equipment. | Core | 79 |
| <u>Prepare all material surfaces to be welded, ensuring</u> that there is no loose or thick scale, slag, rust, moisture, grease, or other foreign matter. | Core | 79 |
| Remove rough spots from workpieces, using portable grinders, hand files, or scrapers. | Core | 79 |
| Preheat workpieces prior to welding or bending, using torches or heating furnaces. | Core | 77 |
| <u>Develop templates and models for welding projects,</u> <u>using mathematical calculations based on blueprint</u> <u>information.</u> | Core | 76 |
| Position and secure workpieces, using hoists, cranes, wire, and banding machines or hand tools. | Core | 76 |
| <u>Guide and direct flames or electrodes on or across</u> workpieces to straighten, bend, melt, or build up metal. | Core | 76 |
| Detect faulty operation of equipment or defective materials and notify supervisors. | Core | 76 |
| <u>Clean or degrease parts, using wire brushes, portable grinders, or chemical baths.</u> | Core | 74 |
| <u>Cut, contour, and bevel metal plates and structural</u> <u>shapes to dimensions as specified by blueprints,</u> <u>layouts, work orders, and templates, using powered</u> <u>saws, hand shears, or chipping knives.</u> | Core | 72 |
| Repair products by dismantling, straightening, reshaping, and reassembling parts, using cutting torches, straightening presses, and hand tools. | Core | 72 |
| Fill holes, and increase the size of metal parts. | Core | 72 |
| <u>Check grooves, angles, or gap allowances, using</u> micrometers, calipers, and precision measuring instruments. | Core | 71 |

| Tasks | Task Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Operate metal shaping, straightening, and bending machines, such as brakes and shears. | Core | 70 |
| Set up and use ladders and scaffolding as necessary to complete work. | Core | 67 |
| Hammer out bulges or bends in metal workpieces. | Core | 66 |
| Dismantle metal assemblies or cut scrap metal, using thermal-cutting equipment, such as flame-cutting torches or plasma-arc equipment. | Core | 66 |
| Signal crane operators to move large workpieces. | Supplemental | 78 |
| Use fire suppression methods in industrial emergencies. | Supplemental | 73 |
| Estimate materials needed for production and manufacturing and maintain required stocks of materials. | Supplemental | 71 |
| Join parts such as beams and steel reinforcing rods in buildings, bridges, and highways, bolting and riveting as necessary. | Supplemental | 69 |
| Gouge metals, using the air-arc gouging process. | Supplemental | 67 |
| Mix and apply protective coatings to products. | Supplemental | 58 |
| Operate brazing and soldering equipment. | Supplemental | 52 |
| Melt lead bars, wire, or scrap to add lead to joints or to extrude melted scrap into reusable form. | Supplemental | 47 |

National Working Conditions

Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers wear protective clothing and goggles for safety.

Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers held about 404,800 jobs in 2016. The largest employers of welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers were as follows:

Manufacturing 61% Specialty trade contractors 7 Self-employed workers 5 Repair and maintenance 4

Merchant wholesalers, durable goods 4

Welders and cutters may work outdoors, often in inclement weather, or indoors, sometimes in a confined area designed to contain sparks and glare. When working outdoors, they may work on a scaffold or platform high off the ground.

In addition, they may have to lift heavy objects and work in awkward positions while bending, stooping, or standing to work overhead.

Injuries and Illnesses

Welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers have one of the highest rates of injuries and illnesses of all occupations. They are often exposed to a number of hazards, including very hot materials and the intense light created by the arc. They wear safety shoes, heat-resistant gloves, goggles, masks with protective lenses, and other equipment to prevent burns and eye injuries and to protect them from falling objects.

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requires that welders work in safely ventilated areas in order to avoid danger from inhaling gases and fine particles that can result from welding processes. However, they can minimize injuries if they follow safety procedures.

Work Schedules

Most welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers work full time, and overtime is common. Many manufacturing firms have two or three 8- to 12-hour shifts each day, allowing the firm to continue production around the clock if needed. As a result, welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers may work evenings and weekends.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics

Typical Work Conditions

This section shows the most common work conditions required by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in order of importance.

| Work Condition | Work Condition Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Wear Common Protective or Safety Equipment such as Safety Shoes, Glasses, Gloves, Hearing Protection, Hard Hats, or Life Jackets | How much does this job require wearing common protective or safety equipment such as safety shoes, glasses, gloves, hard hats or life jackets? | 100 |

| Work Condition | Work Condition Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Spend Time Using Your Hands to Handle, Control, or Feel Objects, Tools, or Controls | How much does this job require using your hands to handle, control, or feel objects, tools or controls? | 84 |
| Importance of Being Exact or Accurate | How important is being very exact or highly accurate in performing this job? | 82 |
| Face-to-Face Discussions | How often do you have to have face- to-face discussions with individuals or teams in this job? | 81 |
| Indoors, Not Environmentally Controlled | How often does this job require working indoors in non-controlled environmental conditions (e.g., warehouse without heat)? | 80 |
| Exposed to Contaminants | How often does this job require working exposed to contaminants (such as pollutants, gases, dust or odors)? | 80 |
| Frequency of Decision Making | How frequently is the worker required to make decisions that affect other people, the financial resources, and/or the image and reputation of the organization? | 74 |
| Work With Work Group or Team | How important is it to work with others in a group or team in this job? | 72 |
| Structured versus Unstructured Work | To what extent is this job structured for the worker, rather than allowing the worker to determine tasks, priorities, and goals? | 71 |
| Impact of Decisions on Co- workers or Company Results | What results do your decisions usually have on other people or the image or reputation or financial resources of your employer? | 71 |
| Time Pressure | How often does this job require the worker to meet strict deadlines? | 70 |
| Responsible for Others' Health and Safety | How much responsibility is there for the health and safety of others in this job? | 69 |

| Work Condition | Work Condition Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Sounds, Noise Levels Are Distracting or Uncomfortable | How often does this job require working exposed to sounds and noise levels that are distracting or uncomfortable? | 68 |
| Freedom to Make Decisions | How much decision making freedom, without supervision, does the job offer? | 68 |
| Contact With Others | How much does this job require the worker to be in contact with others (face-to-face, by telephone, or otherwise) in order to perform it? | 67 |
| Spend Time Standing | How much does this job require standing? | 67 |
| Exposed to Minor Burns, Cuts, Bites, or Stings | How often does this job require exposure to minor burns, cuts, bites, or stings? | 64 |
| Exposed to Hazardous Equipment | How often does this job require exposure to hazardous equipment? | 62 |
| Spend Time Making Repetitive Motions | How much does this job require making repetitive motions? | 61 |
| Very Hot or Cold Temperatures | How often does this job require working in very hot (above 90 F degrees) or very cold (below 32 F degrees) temperatures? | 58 |
| Spend Time Bending or Twisting the Body | How much does this job require bending or twisting your body? | 57 |
| Coordinate or Lead Others | How important is it to coordinate or lead others in accomplishing work activities in this job? | 56 |
| Level of Competition | To what extent does this job require the worker to compete or to be aware of competitive pressures? | 56 |
| Wear Specialized Protective or Safety Equipment such as Breathing Apparatus, Safety Harness, Full Protection Suits, or Radiation Protection | How much does this job require wearing specialized protective or safety equipment such as breathing apparatus, safety harness, full protection suits, or radiation protection? | 56 |

| Work Condition | Work Condition Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) | |
|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Consequence of Error | How serious would the result usually be if the worker made a mistake that was not readily correctable? | 54 | |
| Exposed to Hazardous Conditions | How often does this job require exposure to hazardous conditions? | 52 | |
| Extremely Bright or Inadequate Lighting | How often does this job require working in extremely bright or inadequate lighting conditions? | 49 | |
| Responsibility for Outcomes and Results | How responsible is the worker for work outcomes and results of other workers? | 49 | |
| Importance of Repeating Same Tasks | How important is repeating the same physical activities (e.g., key entry) or mental activities (e.g., checking entries in a ledger) over and over, without stopping, to performing this job? | 49 | |
| Physical Proximity | To what extent does this job require the worker to perform job tasks in close physical proximity to other people? | 46 | |
| Spend Time Walking and Running | How much does this job require walking and running? | 40 | |
| Cramped Work Space, Awkward Positions | How often does this job require working in cramped work spaces that requires getting into awkward positions? | 39 | |
| Deal With External Customers | How important is it to work with external customers or the public in this job? | 37 | |
| Spend Time Sitting | How much does this job require sitting? | 35 | |
| Deal With Unpleasant or Angry People | How frequently does the worker have to deal with unpleasant, angry, or discourteous individuals as part of the job requirements? | 34 | |
| Telephone | How often do you have telephone conversations in this job? | 33 | |

| Work Condition | Work Condition Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Outdoors, Exposed to Weather | How often does this job require working outdoors, exposed to all weather conditions? | 33 |
| Indoors, Environmentally Controlled | How often does this job require working indoors in environmentally controlled conditions? | 32 |
| Exposed to High Places | How often does this job require exposure to high places? | 31 |
| Frequency of Conflict Situations | How often are there conflict situations the employee has to face in this job? | 30 |
| In an Enclosed Vehicle or Equipment | How often does this job require working in a closed vehicle or equipment (e.g., car)? | 29 |
| Pace Determined by Speed of Equipment | How important is it to this job that the pace is determined by the speed of equipment or machinery? (This does not refer to keeping busy at all times on this job.) | 27 |
| In an Open Vehicle or Equipment | How often does this job require working in an open vehicle or equipment (e.g., tractor)? | 27 |
| Spend Time Kneeling, Crouching, Stooping, or Crawling | How much does this job require kneeling, crouching, stooping or crawling? | 25 |
| Spend Time Climbing Ladders, Scaffolds, or Poles | How much does this job require climbing ladders, scaffolds, or poles? | 24 |
| Public Speaking | How often do you have to perform public speaking in this job? | 19 |
| Spend Time Keeping or Regaining Balance | How much does this job require keeping or regaining your balance? | 19 |

Work Values and Needs

This section shows the information on the current work values for your selected occupation.

| Work Value | Work Value Description | Rank By Extent (Out of 100) |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Support | Occupations that satisfy this work value offer supportive management that stands behind employees. Corresponding needs are Company Policies, Supervision: Human Relations and Supervision: Technical. | 61 |
| Working Conditions | Occupations that satisfy this work value offer job security and good working conditions. Corresponding needs are Activity, Compensation, Independence, Security, Variety and Working Conditions. | 39 |
| Relationships | Occupations that satisfy this work value allow employees to provide service to others and work with co-workers in a friendly non-competitive environment. Corresponding needs are Co-workers, Moral Values and Social Service. | 33 |
| Independence | Occupations that satisfy this work value allow employees to work on their own and make decisions. Corresponding needs are Creativity, Responsibility and Autonomy. | 33 |
| Achievement | Occupations that satisfy this work value are results oriented and allow employees to use their strongest abilities, giving them a feeling of accomplishment. Corresponding needs are Ability Utilization and Achievement. | 28 |
| Recognition | Occupations that satisfy this work value offer advancement, potential for leadership, and are often considered prestigious. Corresponding needs are Advancement, Authority, Recognition and Social Status. | 28 |

Typical Tools

This section shows common tools used by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

| Detailed Tool | Tool Group |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Adjustable wrenches | Adjustable wrenches |
| Underwater welding equipment | Alternating current AC arc welder |

| Detailed Tool | Tool Group |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Anvils | Anvils |
| Motorized cutting torches | Blow torch |
| Pattern cutting torches | Blow torch |
| Calipers | Calipers |
| Vernier calipers | Calipers |
| Metal cutting dies | Cutting die |
| Desktop computers | Desktop computers |
| Mobile welding units | Direct current DC arc welder |
| Drill presses | Drill press or radial drill |
| Portable magnetic drill presses | Drill press or radial drill |
| Punch presses | Drill press or radial drill |
| Underwater electrode holders | Electrode holder |
| Welding electrode holders | Electrode holder |
| Semiautomatic flame-cutting equipment | Flame cutting machine |
| Gas flow measurement instruments | Flow sensors |
| Forklifts | Forklifts |
| Current converters | Frequency converters |
| Oxyacetylene welding equipment | Gas welding or brazing or cutting apparatus |
| Rod ovens | Gas welding or brazing or cutting apparatus |
| Storage ovens and hot boxes | Gas welding or brazing or cutting apparatus |
| Goggles | Goggles |
| Hand chipping hammers | Hammers |
| Hand clamps | Hand clamps |
| Electric overhead hoists | Hoists |
| Metal benders | Hydraulic press brake |
| Hydraulic presses | Hydraulic press frames |
| Impact wrenches | Impact wrenches |
| Hydraulic jacks | Jacks |
| Ladders | Ladders |
| Laser printers | Laser printers |
| Laser welders | Laser welding machine |

| Detailed Tool | Tool Group |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Levels | Levels |
| Light trucks | Light trucks or sport utility vehicles |
| Hydraulic truck lifts | Manlift or personnel lift |
| Swing stages | Manlift or personnel lift |
| Brakes | Manual press brake |
| Bandsaws | Metal band sawing machine |
| Metal inert gas MIG welders | Metal inert gas welding machine |
| Wirefeed welders | Metal inert gas welding machine |
| Slitters | Metal slitting saw |
| Metal markers | Metal stamps |
| Computerized numerical control CNC programmable welding robot controllers | Microcontrollers |
| Micrometers | Micrometers |
| Single-cut mill saw files | Mill saw file |
| Milling machines | Milling machines |
| Nibblers | Nibblers |
| Personal computers | Personal computers |
| Pipe cutters | Pipe or tube cutter |
| Plasma welders | Plasma arc welding machine |
| Air drills | Pneumatic drill |
| Air chisels | Pneumatic hammer |
| Air scalers | Pneumatic sanding machines |
| Buffers | Power buffers |
| Power chippers | Power chippers |
| Power drills | Power drills |
| Grinding machines | Power grinders |
| Power grinders | Power grinders |
| Cutoff saws | Power saws |
| Power saws | Power saws |
| Steam cleaning equipment | Pressure or steam cleaners |
| Waterproof gloves | Protective gloves |

| Detailed Tool | Tool Group |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Angle finders | Protractors |
| Protractors | Protractors |
| Pinchbars | Pry bars |
| Pry bars | Pry bars |
| Comealongs | Pullers |
| Punches | Punches or nail sets or drifts |
| Ratchets | Ratchets |
| Self-contained breathing apparate | Respiration air supplying self contained breathing apparatus or accessories |
| Respirator hose masks | Respirators |
| Welding lenses | Safety glasses |
| Scaffolding | Scaffolding |
| Scribers | Scribers |
| Shears | Shears |
| Unishears | Shears |
| Portable gas operated arc welders | Shielded metal arc welding or stick welding machine |
| Shielded arc welding tools | Shielded metal arc welding or stick welding machine |
| Socket wrench sets | Socket sets |
| Soldering irons | Soldering iron |
| Wire feed rate measurement instr | ments Speed sensors |
| Resistance welding equipment | Spot welding machine |
| Welding guns | Spot welding machine |
| Squares | Squares |
| Straightedges | Straight edges |
| Metal cutting taps | Taps |
| Temperature gauges | Temperature gauge |
| Fillet weld gauges | Thickness measuring devices |
| Electric pipe threaders | Threading machine |
| Hand pipe threaders | Threading taps |
| | |

| Detailed Tool | Tool Group |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Lathes | Tracer or duplicating or contouring lathe |
| Overhead cranes | Track cranes |
| Heliarc welding equipment | Tungsten inert gas welding machine |
| Tungsten inert gas TIG welding equipment | Tungsten inert gas welding machine |
| Two way radios | Two way radios |
| Ultrasonic welding equipment | Ultrasonic welding machine |
| Arc voltage measurement instruments | Voltage or current meters |
| Welding current measurement instruments | Voltage or current meters |
| Brazing equipment | Welder torch |
| Welding torches | Welder torch |
| Underwater electrodes | Welding electrode |
| Welding electrodes | Welding electrode |
| Direct current DC sources | Welding generator |
| Hand shields | Welding masks |
| Welding masks | Welding masks |
| Welding shields | Welding masks |
| Welding tips | Welding or cutting tip |
| Welding robots | Welding robots |
| Electrode wires | Welding wire |
| Dive suits | Wetsuits |
| Winches | Winches |
| Power wire brushes | Wire brushes |
| Wire brushes | Wire brushes |
| Wire cutters | Wire cutters |

Typical Technology

This section shows common technology used by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters.

Detailed Technology

| Detailed Technology | Technology Group |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Scientific Software Group Filter Drain FD | Analytical or scientific software |
| OmniFleet Equipment Maintenance Management | Calendar and scheduling software |
| EZ Pipe | Computer aided design CAD software |
| Recordkeeping software | Data base user interface and query software |
| IBM Notes | Electronic mail software |
| Microsoft Office | Office suite software |
| Microsoft Excel | Spreadsheet software |

Licensing Information

There is no data available for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in Louisiana.

Typical Knowledge Categories

This section shows the most common knowledge categories required by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in order of importance. Click on a link in the Knowledge Category column to view more detailed information.

| Knowledge Category | Knowledge Category Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Production and Processing | Knowledge of raw materials, production processes, quality control, costs, and other techniques for maximizing the effective manufacture and distribution of goods. | 66 |
| <u>Design</u> | Knowledge of design techniques, tools, and principles involved in production of precision technical plans, blueprints, drawings, and models. | 62 |
| <u>Administration</u> <u>and</u> <u>Management</u> | Knowledge of business and management principles involved in strategic planning, resource allocation, human resources modeling, leadership technique, production methods, and coordination of people and resources. | 60 |
| <u>Mechanical</u> | Knowledge of machines and tools, including their designs, uses, repair, and maintenance. | 57 |
| <u>Mathematics</u> | Knowledge of arithmetic, algebra, geometry, calculus, statistics, and their applications. | 52 |

| Knowledge Category | Knowledge Category Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Customer and</u> <u>Personal</u> <u>Service</u> | Knowledge of principles and processes for providing customer and personal services. This includes customer needs assessment, meeting quality standards for services, and evaluation of customer satisfaction. | 51 |
| <u>English</u> <u>Language</u> | Knowledge of the structure and content of the English language including the meaning and spelling of words, rules of composition, and grammar. | 51 |
| <u>Engineering</u> and Technology | Knowledge of the practical application of engineering science and technology. This includes applying principles, techniques, procedures, and equipment to the design and production of various goods and services. | 50 |
| <u>Building and</u> <u>Construction</u> | Knowledge of materials, methods, and the tools involved in the construction or repair of houses, buildings, or other structures such as highways and roads. | 46 |
| <u>Physics</u> | Knowledge and prediction of physical principles, laws, their interrelationships, and applications to understanding fluid, material, and atmospheric dynamics, and mechanical, electrical, atomic and sub- atomic structures and processes. | 30 |
| Public Safety and Security | Knowledge of relevant equipment, policies, procedures, and strategies to promote effective local, state, or national security operations for the protection of people, data, property, and institutions. | 29 |
| <u>Computers</u> and <u>Electronics</u> | Knowledge of circuit boards, processors, chips, electronic equipment, and computer hardware and software, including applications and programming. | 26 |
| Personnel and <u>Human</u> <u>Resources</u> | Knowledge of principles and procedures for personnel recruitment, selection, training, compensation and benefits, labor relations and negotiation, and personnel information systems. | 23 |
| <u>Clerical</u> | Knowledge of administrative and clerical procedures and systems such as word processing, managing files and records, stenography and transcription, designing forms, and other office procedures and terminology. | 21 |

| Knowledge Category | Knowledge Category Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Economics</u> <u>and</u> <u>Accounting</u> | Knowledge of economic and accounting principles and practices, the financial markets, banking and the analysis and reporting of financial data. | 21 |
| <u>Chemistry</u> | Knowledge of the chemical composition, structure, and properties of substances and of the chemical processes and transformations that they undergo. This includes uses of chemicals and their interactions, danger signs, production techniques, and disposal methods. | 20 |

Typical Work Abilities Required

This section shows the results of a national survey listing the most common work abilities required by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in order of importance. Click on a link in the Work Ability column to view more detailed information.

| Work Ability | Work Ability Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Arm-Hand</u> <u>Steadiness</u> | The ability to keep your hand and arm steady while moving your arm or while holding your arm and hand in one position. | 72 |
| Near Vision | The ability to see details at close range (within a few feet of the observer). | 66 |
| <u>Control</u> <u>Precision</u> | The ability to quickly and repeatedly adjust the controls of a machine or a vehicle to exact positions. | 63 |
| <u>Multilimb</u> <u>Coordination</u> | The ability to coordinate two or more limbs (for example, two arms, two legs, or one leg and one arm) while sitting, standing, or lying down. It does not involve performing the activities while the whole body is in motion. | 63 |
| <u>Problem</u> <u>Sensitivity</u> | The ability to tell when something is wrong or is likely to go wrong. It does not involve solving the problem, only recognizing there is a problem. | 63 |
| <u>Visualization</u> | The ability to imagine how something will look after it is moved around or when its parts are moved or rearranged. | 63 |

| Work Ability | Work Ability Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Manual</u> <u>Dexterity</u> | The ability to quickly move your hand, your hand together with your arm, or your two hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble objects. | 60 |
| <u>Depth</u> <u>Perception</u> | The ability to judge which of several objects is closer or farther away from you, or to judge the distance between you and an object. | 53 |
| Information Ordering | The ability to arrange things or actions in a certain order or pattern according to a specific rule or set of rules (e.g., patterns of numbers, letters, words, pictures, mathematical operations). | 53 |
| Selective Attention | The ability to concentrate on a task over a period of time without being distracted. | 53 |
| Static Strength | The ability to exert maximum muscle force to lift, push, pull, or carry objects. | 53 |
| <u>Deductive</u> <u>Reasoning</u> | The ability to apply general rules to specific problems to produce answers that make sense. | 50 |
| <u>Finger Dexterity</u> | The ability to make precisely coordinated movements of the fingers of one or both hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble very small objects. | 50 |
| <u>Oral</u> Comprehension | The ability to listen to and understand information and ideas presented through spoken words and sentences. | 50 |
| Oral Expression | The ability to communicate information and ideas in speaking so others will understand. | 50 |
| <u>Speech</u> <u>Recognition</u> | The ability to identify and understand the speech of another person. | 50 |
| <u>Trunk Strength</u> | The ability to use your abdominal and lower back muscles to support part of the body repeatedly or continuously over time without 'giving out' or fatiguing. | 50 |
| <u>Category</u> <u>Flexibility</u> | The ability to generate or use different sets of rules for combining or grouping things in different ways. | 47 |
| <u>Extent</u> <u>Flexibility</u> | The ability to bend, stretch, twist, or reach with your body, arms, and/or legs. | 47 |
| Far Vision | The ability to see details at a distance. | 47 |

| Work Ability | Work Ability Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Inductive</u> <u>Reasoning</u> | The ability to combine pieces of information to form general rules or conclusions (includes finding a relationship among seemingly unrelated events). | 47 |
| <u>Perceptual</u> <u>Speed</u> | The ability to quickly and accurately compare similarities and differences among sets of letters, numbers, objects, pictures, or patterns. The things to be compared may be presented at the same time or one after the other. This ability also includes comparing a presented object with a remembered object. | 47 |
| Reaction Time | The ability to quickly respond (with the hand, finger, or foot) to a signal (sound, light, picture) when it appears. | 47 |
| <u>Response</u> <u>Orientation</u> | The ability to choose quickly between two or more movements in response to two or more different signals (lights, sounds, pictures). It includes the speed with which the correct response is started with the hand, foot, or other body part. | 47 |
| Speech Clarity | The ability to speak clearly so others can understand you. | 47 |
| <u>Flexibility of</u> <u>Closure</u> | The ability to identify or detect a known pattern (a figure, object, word, or sound) that is hidden in other distracting material. | 44 |
| <u>Fluency of</u> Ideas | The ability to come up with a number of ideas about a topic (the number of ideas is important, not their quality, correctness, or creativity). | 44 |
| <u>Hearing</u> <u>Sensitivity</u> | The ability to detect or tell the differences between sounds that vary in pitch and loudness. | 44 |
| <u>Stamina</u> | The ability to exert yourself physically over long periods of time without getting winded or out of breath. | 44 |
| <u>Written</u> <u>Comprehension</u> | The ability to read and understand information and ideas presented in writing. | 44 |
| <u>Speed of Limb</u> <u>Movement</u> | The ability to quickly move the arms and legs. | 41 |
| <u>Auditory</u> <u>Attention</u> | The ability to focus on a single source of sound in the presence of other distracting sounds. | 38 |

| Work Ability | Work Ability Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Gross Body</u> Coordination | The ability to coordinate the movement of your arms, legs, and torso together when the whole body is in motion. | 38 |
| <u>Driginality</u> | The ability to come up with unusual or clever ideas about a given topic or situation, or to develop creative ways to solve a problem. | 38 |
| <u>Rate Control</u> | The ability to time your movements or the movement of a piece of equipment in anticipation of changes in the speed and/or direction of a moving object or scene. | 38 |
| <u>Speed of</u> <u>Closure</u> | The ability to quickly make sense of, combine, and organize information into meaningful patterns. | 38 |
| ime Sharing | The ability to shift back and forth between two or more activities or sources of information (such as speech, sounds, touch, or other sources). | 38 |
| /isual Color Discrimination | The ability to match or detect differences between colors, including shades of color and brightness. | 38 |
| <u> Vrist-Finger</u> Speed | The ability to make fast, simple, repeated movements of the fingers, hands, and wrists. | 38 |
| <u>Vritten</u> <u>xpression</u> | The ability to communicate information and ideas in writing so others will understand. | 38 |
| <u>Dynamic</u> Strength | The ability to exert muscle force repeatedly or continuously over time. This involves muscular endurance and resistance to muscle fatigue. | 35 |
| <u>Gross Body</u> Equilibrium | The ability to keep or regain your body balance or stay upright when in an unstable position. | 35 |
| <u>Mathematical</u> Reasoning | The ability to choose the right mathematical methods or formulas to solve a problem. | 35 |
| <u>Iumber Facility</u> | The ability to add, subtract, multiply, or divide quickly and correctly. | 35 |
| <u>Glare Sensitivity</u> | The ability to see objects in the presence of glare or bright lighting. | 31 |
| <u>Spatial</u> Drientation | The ability to know your location in relation to the environment or to know where other objects are in relation to you. | 31 |

| Work Ability | Work Ability Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Memorization | The ability to remember information such as words, numbers, pictures, and procedures. | 25 |
| <u>Peripheral</u> <u>Vision</u> | The ability to see objects or movement of objects to one's side when the eyes are looking ahead. | 25 |
| Night Vision | The ability to see under low light conditions. | 22 |
| <u>Sound</u> Localization | The ability to tell the direction from which a sound originated. | 22 |
| <u>Dynamic</u> <u>Flexibility</u> | The ability to quickly and repeatedly bend, stretch, twist, or reach out with your body, arms, and/or legs. | 13 |
| <u>Explosive</u> <u>Strength</u> | The ability to use short bursts of muscle force to propel oneself (as in jumping or sprinting), or to throw an object. | 13 |

Typical Work Interests

This section shows the results of a national survey listing the most common work interests for Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in order of importance.

| Work Interest | Work Interest Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Realistic | Realistic occupations frequently involve work activities that include practical, hands-on problems and solutions. They often deal with plants, animals, and real-world materials like wood, tools, and machinery. Many of the occupations require working outside, and do not involve a lot of paperwork or working closely with others. | 100 |
| Conventional | Conventional occupations frequently involve following set procedures and routines. These occupations can include working with data and details more than with ideas. Usually there is a clear line of authority to follow. | 39 |

Source: This information is based on O*NET[™] data. O*NET is a trademark registered to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

Typical Work Styles

This section shows the most common work styles required by Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters in order of importance. Click on a link in the Work Style column to view more detailed information.

| Work Style | Work Style Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Attention to Detail | Job requires being careful about detail and thorough in completing work tasks. | 93 |
| <u>Dependability</u> | Job requires being reliable, responsible, and dependable, and fulfilling obligations. | 82 |
| Integrity | Job requires being honest and ethical. | 75 |
| Independence | Job requires developing one's own ways of doing things, guiding oneself with little or no supervision, and depending on oneself to get things done. | 75 |
| <u>Adaptability/Flexibility</u> | Job requires being open to change (positive or negative) and to considerable variety in the workplace. | 75 |
| Innovation | Job requires creativity and alternative thinking to develop new ideas for and answers to work-related problems. | 75 |
| <u>Leadership</u> | Job requires a willingness to lead, take charge, and offer opinions and direction. | 74 |
| Analytical Thinking | Job requires analyzing information and using logic to address work-related issues and problems. | 73 |
| <u>Initiative</u> | Job requires a willingness to take on responsibilities and challenges. | 72 |
| <u>Persistence</u> | Job requires persistence in the face of obstacles. | 71 |
| <u>Cooperation</u> | Job requires being pleasant with others on the job and displaying a good-natured, cooperative attitude. | 70 |
| Self Control | Job requires maintaining composure, keeping emotions in check, controlling anger, and avoiding aggressive behavior, even in very difficult situations. | 66 |

| Work Style | Work Style Description | Rank by Importance (Out of 100) |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Stress Tolerance | Job requires accepting criticism and dealing calmly and effectively with high stress situations. | 64 |
| Concern for Others | Job requires being sensitive to others' needs and feelings and being understanding and helpful on the job. | 62 |
| <u>Achievement/Effort</u> | Job requires establishing and maintaining personally challenging achievement goals and exerting effort toward mastering tasks. | 59 |
| Social Orientation | Job requires preferring to work with others rather than alone, and being personally connected with others on the job. | 47 |

Related Occupations

This section shows a list of occupations related to Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters. Click an occupation title to see more information about that occupation.

| Rank | Related Occupations | Duties | *Related By |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | <u>Heat Treating</u> <u>Equipment Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and</u> <u>Plastic</u> | Set up, operate, or tend heating equipment, such as heat-treating furnaces, flame-hardening machines, induction machines, soaking pits, or vacuum equipment to temper, harden, anneal, or heat-treat metal or plastic objects. | SOC4 |
| 2 | <u>Metal Workers and</u> <u>Plastic Workers, All</u> <u>Other</u> | All metal workers and plastic workers not listed separately. | SOC4 |
| 3 | Tool and Die Makers | Analyze specifications, lay out metal stock, set up and operate machine tools, and fit and assemble parts to make and repair dies, cutting tools, jigs, fixtures, gauges, and machinists' hand tools. | SOC4 |
| 4 | <u>Tool Grinders, Filers,</u> and Sharpeners | Perform precision smoothing, sharpening, polishing, or grinding of metal objects. | SOC4 |

| Rank | Related Occupations | Duties | *Related By |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 5 | <u>Welders, Cutters,</u> <u>Solderers, and</u> <u>Brazers</u> | Use hand-welding, flame-cutting, hand soldering, or brazing equipment to weld or join metal components or to fill holes, indentations, or seams of fabricated metal products. | |
| 6 | Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | Set up, operate, or tend machines to saw, cut, shear, slit, punch, crimp, notch, bend, or straighten metal or plastic material. | O*NET |
| 7 | Engine and Other Machine Assemblers | Construct, assemble, or rebuild machines, such as engines, turbines, and similar equipment used in such industries as construction, extraction, textiles, and paper manufacturing. | O*NET |
| 8 | <u>Forging Machine</u> <u>Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | Set up, operate, or tend forging machines to taper, shape, or form metal or plastic parts. | O*NET |
| 9 | <u>Foundry Mold and</u> <u>Coremakers</u> | Make or form wax or sand cores or molds used in the production of metal castings in foundries. | O*NET |
| 10 | <u>Lathe and Turning</u> <u>Machine Tool</u> <u>Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Metal and Plastic | Set up, operate, or tend lathe and turning machines to turn, bore, thread, form, or face metal or plastic materials, such as wire, rod, or bar stock. | |
| 11 | <u>Layout Workers,</u> Metal and Plastic | Lay out reference points and dimensions on metal or plastic stock or workpieces, such as sheets, plates, tubes, structural shapes, castings, or machine parts, for further processing. Includes shipfitters. | O*NET |
| 12 | <u>Milling and Planing</u> <u>Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and</u> <u>Plastic</u> | Set up, operate, or tend milling or planing machines to mill, plane, shape, groove, or profile metal or plastic work pieces. | O*NET |
| 13 | <u>Model Makers, Metal</u> and Plastic | Set up and operate machines, such as lathes, milling and engraving machines, and jig borers to make working models of metal or plastic objects. Includes template makers. | O*NET |

| Rank | Related Occupations | Duties | *Related By |
|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 14 | <u>Multiple Machine</u> <u>Tool Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and</u> <u>Plastic</u> | Set up, operate, or tend more than one type of cutting or forming machine tool or robot. | O*NET |
| 15 | <u>Ophthalmic</u> <u>Laboratory</u> <u>Technicians</u> • | Cut, grind, and polish eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other precision optical elements. Assemble and mount lenses into frames or process other optical elements. Includes precision lens polishers or grinders, centerer- edgers, and lens mounters. | |
| 16 | <u>Painters,</u> <u>Transportation</u> <u>Equipment</u> | Operate or tend painting machines to paint surfaces of transportation equipment, such as automobiles, buses, trucks, trains, boats, and airplanes. Includes painters in auto body repair facilities. | O*NET |
| 17 | <u>Patternmakers,</u> Wood | Plan, lay out, and construct wooden unit or sectional patterns used in forming sand molds for castings. | |
| 18 | <u>Sawing Machine</u> <u>Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders, Wood | Set up, operate, or tend wood sawing machines. May operate CNC equipment. Includes lead sawyers. | O*NET |
| 19 | <u>Shoe Machine</u> Operators and <u>Tenders</u> | Operate or tend a variety of machines to join, decorate, reinforce, or finish shoes and shoe parts. | O*NET |
| 20 | Solderers and Brazers | Braze or solder together components to assemble fabricated metal parts, using soldering iron, torch, or welding machine and flux. | |
| 21 | <u>Timing Device</u> Assemblers and <u>Adjusters</u> | Perform precision assembling, adjusting, or calibrating, within narrow tolerances, of timing devices such as digital clocks or timing devices with electrical or electronic components. | |
| 22 | <u>Welding, Soldering,</u> and Brazing Machine <u>Setters, Operators,</u> and Tenders | Set up, operate, or tend welding, soldering, or brazing machines or robots that weld, braze, solder, or heat treat metal products, components, or assemblies. Includes workers who operate laser cutters or laser- beam machines. | O*NET |
| 23 | <u>Woodworking</u> <u>Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Except</u> <u>Sawing</u> | Set up, operate, or tend woodworking machines, such as drill presses, lathes, shapers, routers, sanders, planers, and wood nailing machines. May operate CNC equipment. | O*NET |

| Rank | Related Occupations | Duties | *Related By |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 24 | Agricultural Equipment Operators | Drive and control farm equipment to till soil and to plant, cultivate, and harvest crops. May perform tasks, such as crop baling or hay bucking. May operate stationary equipment to perform post-harvest tasks, such as husking, shelling, threshing, and ginning. | O*NET |
| 25 | Bicycle Repairers | Repair and service bicycles. | O*NET |
| 26 | <u>Coil Winders, Tapers,</u> and Finishers | Wind wire coils used in electrical components, such as resistors and transformers, and in electrical equipment and instruments, such as field cores, bobbins, armature cores, electrical motors, generators, and control equipment. | O*NET |
| 27 | <u>Cutters and</u> <u>Trimmers, Hand</u> | Use hand tools or hand-held power tools to cut and trim a variety of manufactured items, such as carpet, fabric, stone, glass, or rubber. | O*NET |
| 28 | Dredge Operators | Operate dredge to remove sand, gravel, or other materials in order to excavate and maintain navigable channels in waterways. | O*NET |
| 29 | <u>Fallers</u> | Use axes or chainsaws to fell trees using knowledge of tree characteristics and cutting techniques to control direction of fall and minimize tree damage. | O*NET |
| 30 | <u>Floor Layers, Except</u> <u>Carpet, Wood, and</u> <u>Hard Tiles</u> | Apply blocks, strips, or sheets of shock-absorbing, sound-deadening, or decorative coverings to floors. | O*NET |
| 31 | Floor Sanders and Finishers | Scrape and sand wooden floors to smooth surfaces using floor scraper and floor sanding machine, and apply coats of finish. | O*NET |
| 32 | HelpersCarpenters | Help carpenters by performing duties requiring less skill. Duties include using, supplying or holding materials or tools, and cleaning work area and equipment. | O*NET |
| 33 | <u>HelpersProduction</u> <u>Workers</u> | Help production workers by performing duties requiring less skill. Duties include supplying or holding materials or tools, and cleaning work area and equipment. | O*NET |
| 34 | Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators <i>P</i> | Operate industrial trucks or tractors equipped to move materials around a warehouse, storage yard, factory, construction site, or similar location. | O*NET |
| 35 | <u>Mechanical Door</u> <u>Repairers</u> > | Install, service, or repair automatic door mechanisms and hydraulic doors. Includes garage door mechanics. | O*NET |

| Rank | Related Occupations | Duties | *Related By |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 36 | <u>Mine Shuttle Car</u> <u>Operators</u> | Operate diesel or electric-powered shuttle car in underground mine to transport materials from working face to mine cars or conveyor. | O*NET |
| 37 | <u>Molding and Casting</u> <u>Workers</u> | Perform a variety of duties such as mixing materials, assembling mold parts, filling molds, and stacking molds to mold and cast a wide range of products. | O*NET |
| 38 | <u>Molding,</u> <u>Coremaking, and</u> <u>Casting Machine</u> <u>Setters, Operators,</u> <u>and Tenders, Metal</u> <u>and Plastic</u> | Set up, operate, or tend metal or plastic molding, casting, or coremaking machines to mold or cast metal or thermoplastic parts or products. | O*NET |
| 39 | <u>Painters,</u> Construction and Maintenance | Paint walls, equipment, buildings, bridges, and other structural surfaces, using brushes, rollers, and spray guns. May remove old paint to prepare surface prior to painting. May mix colors or oils to obtain desired color or consistency. | O*NET |
| 40 | <u>Painting, Coating,</u> <u>and Decorating</u> <u>Workers</u> | Paint, coat, or decorate articles such as furniture, glass, plateware, pottery, jewelry, toys, books, or leather. | O*NET |
| 41 | <u>Plating and Coating</u> <u>Machine Setters,</u> <u>Operators, and</u> <u>Tenders, Metal and</u> <u>Plastic</u> | Set up, operate, or tend plating or coating machines to coat metal or plastic products with chromium, zinc, copper, cadmium, nickel, or other metal to protect or decorate surfaces. Includes electrolytic processes. | O*NET |
| 42 | <u>Pourers and Casters,</u> <u>Metal</u> | Operate hand-controlled mechanisms to pour and regulate the flow of molten metal into molds to produce castings or ingots. | O*NET |
| 43 | <u>Print Binding and</u> <u>Finishing Workers</u> | Bind books and other publications or finish printed products by hand or machine. May set up binding and finishing machines. | O*NET |
| 44 | <u>Printing Press</u> <u>Operators</u> | Set up and operate digital, letterpress, lithographic, flexographic, gravure, or other printing machines. Includes short-run offset printing presses. | O*NET |
| 45 | Rail Car Repairers | Diagnose, adjust, repair, or overhaul railroad rolling stock, mine cars, or mass transit rail cars. | O*NET |

| Rank | Related Occupations | Duties | *Related By |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| 46 | <u>Refractory Materials</u> <u>Repairers, Except</u> <u>Brickmasons</u> | Build or repair equipment such as furnaces, kilns, cupolas, boilers, converters, ladles, soaking pits and ovens, using refractory materials. | O*NET |
| 47 | <u>Rock Splitters,</u> <u>Quarry</u> | Separate blocks of rough dimension stone from quarry mass using jackhammer and wedges. | O*NET |
| 48 | <u>Roofers</u> > <i>></i> | Cover roofs of structures with shingles, slate, asphalt, aluminum, wood, or related materials. May spray roofs, sidings, and walls with material to bind, seal, insulate, or soundproof sections of structures. | O*NET |
| 49 | <u>Stone Cutters and</u> <u>Carvers,</u> <u>Manufacturing</u> | Cut or carve stone according to diagrams and patterns. | O*NET |
| 50 | Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters | Fabricate, position, align, and fit parts of structural metal products. | O*NET |
| 51 | <u>Tapers</u> | Seal joints between plasterboard or other wallboard to prepare wall surface for painting or papering. | O*NET |
| Source: **Related By: O*NETM - The Occupational Information Network, O*NET is a registered | | | |

Source: **Related By: O*NET[™] - The <u>Occupational Information Network</u>. O*NET is a registered trademark of the <u>US Department of Labor/Employment and Training Administration</u>. SOC4 - Occupational grouping based on 1st 4 digits of the <u>Standard Occupational Classification</u> system.

Career Ladder

This section shows the top 10 occupations and the corresponding individuals in the workforce system who were previously Welders, Cutters, and Welder Fitters and have changed their occupation over the last 5 years.

| Occupation Title | Number of Individuals that Moved | Percentage of Individuals that Moved |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Pipe Fitters and Steamfitters | 549 | 21.23% |
| Construction Laborers • • | 405 | 15.66% |
| Structural Iron and Steel Workers | 307 | 11.87% |
| Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand • | 254 | 9.82% |
| Boilermakers <i>P</i> | 217 | 8.39% |

| Occupation Title | Number of Individuals that Moved | Percentage of Individuals that Moved |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Maintenance and Repair Workers, General + = | 200 | 7.73% |
| Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters | 194 | 7.50% |
| Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers | 167 | 6.46% |
| HelpersProduction Workers | 157 | 6.07% |
| Construction Carpenters > < | 136 | 5.26% |

STRIGHT OUTLOOK NATIONALLY

Source: Individuals with active résumés in the workforce system.

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